THE DAILY COMMONWEALTH.

VOL. I. FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, JANUARY 19, 1846. NO. 16.

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To whom all Communications (POST PAID) will be addressed.
THO. B. STEVENSON, Editor.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
For the "Tri-Weekly Commonwealth," (which is issued Daily during the Session of the Legislature, and Tri-Weekly the balance of the year,) $5 per annum, in advance, or $6 at the end of the year.
For the "Daily Commonwealth," during the Session of the Legislature, $1 in advance.
The "Weekly Commonwealth," printed on a large mammoth sheet, will hereafter be furnished to subscribers at $2, in advance, or $2 50 at the expiration of six months.
The "Weekly Commonwealth" will be furnished to subscribers during the Session of the Legislature, for 50 cents in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

For 10 lines or less, to those who are Daily Subscribers during the Session of the Legislature,	$1 00
And for each additional 10 lines, to Daily Session Subscribers,	1 00
For 10 lines or less, for a single insertion,	50
And for each insertion of the same advertisement, after the first, of 10 lines or less,	10
For any number of lines over 10 and not exceeding 20, first insertion,	80
And for each insertion of the same advertisement, over 10 and not exceeding 20 lines,	15

☞Longer advertisements will be inserted on liberal terms.☜

Louisville Advertisements.

B. F. BAKER & CO.,
MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
BOOTS, SHOES, AND BROGANS.
B. F. BAKER, R. WHITNEY, A. LOW.
Office, No. 8, Blackstone Street, Boston. January 1, 1846

L. L. SHREVE & CO.,
MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH STREETS, LOUISVILLE, KY.,
IMPORTERS of Hardware, Cutlery, Steel, &c.; Manufacturers of Iron, Nails and Steel, and dealers in American Hardware of all descriptions. January 1, 1846

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.
THE subscribers are constantly receiving new and desirable Goods, and have now on hand,
5,000 Pieces Newest Style
FANCY PRINTS; together with a good assortment of Cotton and Woolen Goods, suited to the season, which they will sell at the lowest market price. They respectfully invite Country Merchants to call and examine their stock.
DANFORTH, LEWIS & CO.,
January 1, 1846 444, Main street, Louisville, Ky.

W. & C. FELLOWES & CO.,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS—LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY,
CONNECTED with *Fellowes, Johnson & Co.*, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, New Orleans. Cash advances made on shipments to either house. January 1, 1846

BAINBRIDGE, CARUTH & BAILY,
NO. 468, MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH AND BULLITT STREETS, LOUISVILLE, KY.,
IMPORTERS of Hardware and Cutlery, and Dealers in American Hardware, Castings, Iron, &c. January 1, 1846

QUEENSWARE AND CHINA, AT N. YORK PRICES.
A CARD FOR 1846.
COUNTRY MERCHANTS who are in the habit of purchasing their Queensware and China in the Eastern Cities, would do well to bear in mind that they have now a chance of saving from $12 to $15 per crate, by making their purchases of the subscribers in Louisville. We are the first in the *Western country* to offer these Goods at eastern prices, without carriage, thereby making a saving of all freights and charges to Western merchants, being about $ 2 to $15 per crate, as also the loss of time in getting their goods. We have taken particular care to find out the lowest eastern prices, and will here give a sample, viz: 3 quart White Granite, or any colour Hexagon Pitchers, $4 50 per dozen; Twiflers, or 9 inch plates, White Granite or any colour, 75 cents per dozen; Painted Teas 10 cents per set, and 50 sets to $100, or one set to every $2 of bill. Every article in the line proportionably low. Our stock will be very full and complete in February.
McINTIRE & BROTHER,
January 1, 1846 Louisville, Ky.

AUCTION SALES.
MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH STREETS, LOUISVILLE, KY.,
BY THOS. ANDERSON & CO.,
REGULAR SALES.—T. Anderson & Co. have sales at Auction regularly every Thursday morning, consisting of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.
Liberal cash advances made on Goods consigned to them for sale. Regular weekly sales throughout the year every Thursday.
January 1, 1846

JARVIS & TRABUE,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FRENCH, ENGLISH, ITALIAN, AND AMERICAN STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS,
CORNER OF MAIN AND THIRD STREETS,
January 1, 1846 LOUISVILLE, KY.

RUPERT & LINDENBERGER,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY,
NOW HAVE, and shall continue to have, one of the most extensive stocks to be found in the Western country, comprising a general assortment of
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS,
Dye-Stuffs, Window Glass and Glass Ware, Tobacco and Spices, with a great variety of other Goods, many of which they import directly, purchased exclusively for Cash; to which they invite the attention of Merchants, Druggists, Physicians, Manufacturers and dealers generally—prices *very low for CASH.*
☞Country Produce of all kinds, or the usual time to punctual men. January 1, 1846

J. B. WILDER & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
NO. 448, MAIN ST., BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH CROSS STREETS, (*Sign of the Golden Mortar,*) LOUISVILLE, KY.
REMOVAL.—We have moved to the large and commodious Warehouse recently built by us, No. 448, Main, between 5th and 6th cross streets, where we shall be happy to have a call from our old friends and customers, and buyers generally, and where we can offer them decidedly the largest and best assorted stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Tobacco, Window Glass, Apothecaries, Shop Furniture, &c. &c., ever offered in the West, and at prices much below what these articles have usually been sold at in this country. The very exorbitant prices at which these articles were sold at in the large cities in the West, was a subject of complaint for many years; we were the first to reduce these prices, and the large patronage that we have received during the past seven years, is ample testimony of this fact; and to those who are disposed to buy goods at the lowest rates, we can say, give us your patronage and we will certainly give you full satisfaction J. B WILDER & CO.,
January 1, 1846 No. 448, Main street, Louisville.

HAIDEN T. CURD,
Wholesale Grocer, and Forwarding and Commission Merchant,
415, MAIN, BETWEEN 5TH & 6TH CROSS STREETS, LOUISVILLE, KY.
CASH PAID FOR FEATHERS, Flaxseed, Ginseng, Beeswax, &c. &c. January 1, 1846

J. S. MORRIS & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, LOUISVILLE, KY.
WE keep constantly on hand, a very extensive assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines, Indigo, Madder, and all kinds of Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glassware, Window Glass, Virginia and Kentucky Tobacco, Snuff, &c. which we purchase for cash from the Importers in New York and Boston, and are determined to sell at a very small advance for cash, or on the usual terms to punctual dealers.
☞Ginseng, Beeswax, Feathers, Flaxseed, Lard, any other country produce received in exchange. January 1, 1846

WATCHES, JEWELRY, LAMPS & FANCY GOODS.
THE subscriber has just received a splendid assortment of RICH AND FASHIONABLE JEWELRY, &c., consisting in part, of fine Gold and Silver Lever Watches; fine gold Guard and Fob Chains and Keys; Pink, Cameo, Topaz and Garnet Breastpins and Bracelets; fine Diamond and Garnet Finger Rings; Ear Rings; Gold and Silver Pencils; Diamond pointed Gold Pens; Plated and Britannia Ware; Silver Ware; fine Cutlery; Cornelius and Co's. Solar Lard Lamps; Girandoles, and a general assortment of Watch Makers' Tools and Materials; Military Goods, Musical Instruments; together with a great variety of Fancy and Staple Goods—all of which will be sold wholesale or retail, at greatly reduced prices.
☞Watches repaired and warranted for one year.
☞Old Gold and Silver taken at the highest price, in exchange for Goods. HENRY FLETCHER,
No. 463, Main street, between Fourth and Fifth,
January 1, 1846 LOUISVILLE.

JACOB KELLER,
WHOLESALE GROCER, COMMISSION MERCHANT AND WHITE LEAD MANUFACTURER.
NO. 515, MAIN STREET,
January 1, 1846 LOUISVILLE.

Cincinnati Advertisements.

P. WILSON & CO.,
NO. 91, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO,
IMPORTERS and Manufacturers of Saddlery, Coach and Harness Hardware, Seating, Pad Skins and Moroccos, Worsted, Cotton and Straining Webbs, Bitts and Stirrups, Roller and Bridle Buckles, Saddle Trees and Wood Hames, Carriage Lace, Fringe and Oil Cloth, Springs, Axles and Mallable Iron.
January 1, 1846

A. & W. SPRAGUE & CO.,
NO. 9, PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO,
MANUFACTURERS, Calico Printers, and wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS.
January 1, 1846

BURROWS & CO.,
(NOS. 13 & 15, PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI.)
WHOLESALE GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND Dealers in Foreign Wines and Liquors, Fruits, Cigars, &c. &c. January 1, 1846.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
Paints, Oils, Varnish and Dye-Stuffs.
THE subscriber having a large and well selected stock of every article in his line of business, purchased chiefly from the importers and the Eastern markets, is at all times prepared to sell to Druggists, Physicians, and others in the country, on as good terms and as low prices as any house in the West. Particular attention is paid to orders from Physicians, as every article will be guarantied of the best quality. On hand—
200 oz. of Sulphate of Quinine;
100 oz. Hydriodate of Potass;
100 oz. of Iodine;
50 bbls. of Alum;
50 carboys Oil of Vitriol;
100 bbls. Logwood;
50 do. Fustic;
50 do. Nicaragua;
2 do. Blue Vitriol;
200 lbs. Calomel;
100 do. fresh Turkey Opium;
Paint Brushes of all sizes, &c.
I am the manufacturer and proprietor of the justly celebrated article called GARDNER'S VEGETABLE LINIMENT, a popular remedy for fresh burns or scalds, fresh wounds, rheumatic pains, &c. Also, for horses it excels in the cure of sprains and bruises, cuts or wounds, scratches, corks, chafes or galls, film in the eyes, &c. This article will be furnished to dealers at such prices as will warrant them in keeping it for sale.
☞I manufacture PUTTY by steam power, and can warrant it *superior* to that made by hands; put up compactly in bladders, which prevents it from getting hard; and sell it at the reduced price of 4 cents per lb. by the bbl.
JAS. S. GLASCOE, Druggist,
January 6, 1846. *N. E. cor. 4th & Main streets, Cincinnati.*

MESSICK & TAYLOR,
NO. 49, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.
THE subscribers having are now receiving their Fall supply of GROCERIES, and are enabled to offer a well assorted and carefully selected stock, at the very lowest market prices. They intend keeping up a full stock during the winter, and will spare no exertions to render entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their business.
Particular attention will be given to the sale of the chief articles of COUNTRY PRODUCE which may be consigned to their care January 1, 1846

ALEXANDRE SEIGNETTE BRANDY,
Fourth proof, in half and quarter pipes.
MAGLORY, CHAMPAIGNE Brandy, vintages of 1808 and 1825, in quarter pipes, received direct from "Rochelle."
For sale by
HARRISON & HOOPER,
51, Main st.,
January 1, 1846 *Cincinnati.*

MAGUIRE & LINDLEY,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS & PRODUCE DEALERS,
BROADWAY, OPPOSITE THE BROADWAY HOTEL,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
January 1, 1846

R. B. BOWLER & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, COTTON YARNS, &c.
NO. 25, PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI.
January 1, 1846

J. D. JONES, Cincinnati. C. JONES, Philadelphia.

J. D. & C. JONES,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN DRY GOODS,
NO. 19, PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.
January 1, 1846

GEO. H. BATES & CO.,
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
A LARGE stock of all articles used by Druggists, Painters, Dyers and Manufacturers, for sale at the lowest prices. Purchasers will find it more for their interest to obtain their supplies of them than to send east. January 1, 1846

C. A. SCHUMANN,
WHOLESALE GROCER & COMMISSION MERCHANT,
DEALER IN
FLOUR, AND IMPORTED HAVANA CIGARS,
No. 25, Main street, between Front and Columbia, Cincinnati, O.
REFERENCES: John H. Groesbeck, Esq., Thomas J. Adams, Esq., Wm. Greene, Esq., Messrs. Springer & Whiteman, T. S. Goodman & Co., *Cincinnati*—Messrs. J. W. Schmidt & Vogel, Oelrichs & Kruger, E. & T. Poppe, *New York*—Messrs. Schmidt & Co., James M'Gregor & Co., Curtis & Buddendorf, *New Orleans.* January 1, 1846

JAMES JOHNSTON & CO.,
GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
CINCINNATI, OHIO,
HAVE on hand a constant supply of Dry Hides, Sole Leather, Upper Leather, Harness Leather, Skirting Leather, Castor Oil, Linseed Oil, Pig Iron. January 1, 1846

GEORGE CONCLIN,
NO. 39, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO,
Bookseller and Publisher,
KEEPS constantly on hand, a general assortment of the SCHOOL BOOKS used in the West, together with a great variety of MISCELLANEOUS and BLANK BOOKS, and STATIONERY of all kinds. ☞Blank Books of superior quality, made to any pattern at short notice.
CASH paid for Rags. January 1, 1846

THOMAS H. MINOR & CO.,
NO. 59, MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FRONT AND COLUMBIA, CINCINNATI,
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
ONE of our firm resides in New Orleans throughout the business season, for the purpose of purchasing all articles in our line, by which arrangement our stock is always full and complete; as also are we enabled to sell at the lowest possible prices. January 1, 1846

NEFF & BROTHERS,
S. WEST CORNER OF MAIN AND SECOND STREETS,
CINCINNATI, OHIO,
IMPORTERS of Cutlery, Hardware, China and Earthenware, Also, wholesale dealers in Boots and Shoes,
January 1, 1846

SAMUEL N. PIKE & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FRENCH, ENGLISH, GERMAN, SWISS AND AMERICAN
Fancy and Staple Dry Goods,
NO. 22, PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI.
January 1, 1846

S. B. BIRDSALL,
NO. 49, MAIN STREET, SECOND DOOR ABOVE COLUMBIA STREET,
CINCINNATI, OHIO,
WHOLESALE dealer in Boots and Shoes, and agent for the Manufacturers. January 1, 1846

GEORGE COX,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER, No. 89, MAIN STREET,
CINCINNATI, OHIO,
HAS constantly on hand a large collection of Law, Medical, Theological and Miscellaneous Books. Also, School Books, Blank Books and Stationery—with a large collection of Engravings; all of which he offers for sale on reasonable terms.
January 1, 1846

HUNNEWELL & G. H. HILL,
Importers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Glass, China, and Queensware,
No. 87, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI.
A CONSTANT supply of Hotel and Steamboat Furnishing Goods, such as Knives, Forks, Waiters, Spoons and Castors; Hanging, Side, and Stand Solar Lamps.
Assorted Ware in the original package, and re-packed adapted to the country trade.
Orders received for Soap and Candles of J. S. Hill's manufacture, and a supply of the same on hand. ☞Cash paid for Tallow, Black Salts, second quality of Lard and Pot Ash.
January 1, 1846

Louisville Advertisements.

B. G. CUTTER & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, DYE STUFFS, WINES, LIQUORS, &c.,
NOS. 452, 454 & 456, MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY,
HAVE now on hand a very extensive assortment of all descriptions of Dry Goods, suitable to the country trade, and which they will sell for cash or country produce fully as low as they can be bought in any of the Eastern markets, costs of transportation alone added. Their great facilities in obtaining Goods from the Manufacturers and Importers, at their very lowest rates, give them great advantages in the way of offering bargains to their customers; and Country Merchants generally would find it to their interest to examine their Goods before purchasing elsewhere.
Their Dry Goods stock consists in part of the following, in all their different varieties, viz.:

DRESS GOODS.
FANCY PRINTS—great in variety and new in style, comprising the latest patterns thrown into market by the American manufacturers.
GINGHAMS—French, English and American Mousline de Laines, Cashmere de Cosse, Balzarines, &c.

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.
100 bales Brown Sheetings, of the best brands made in the U. S.
BLEACHED SHIRTINGS—50 cases Bleached Shirtings, comprising all variety of prices.
TICKINGS, DRILLINGS, &c.—15 bales Red Tickings; 5 bales Brown Drillings; 3 bales Canton Flannel.

MISCELLANEOUS GOODS.
Cloths, Casimeres, and Vestings;
Red Padding and Canvass Padding;
Kentucky Jeans, plaid, blue, &c.;
Red Flannels, Irish Linens;
Alpachas, Merinoes, &c. &c.;
White and colored Cambrics;
Jaconets, plain, striped and plaid;
Book Muslin, Swiss Muslin;
Bishop Lawn, Cap Nettings, Green Berage;
Bombazines, Worsted and Silk Serges;
Apron Check, Black Wadding;
Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, &c.;
Blue and colored Sewing Silk;
White and colored Spool Thread;
Blue, white and colored Patent Thread;
Hooks and Eyes, Percussion Caps;
Buttons, in all their varieties;
White and colored Skein Thread;
Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs;
Combs of every description;
Gum and worsted Suspenders, &c. &c. &c. &c.

Their stock of GROCERIES, &c., which is always heavy, and comprises a more extensive assortment than can be found in any House in the West, and which they will always sell at the very lowest rates for cash or country produce, consists in part of the following, viz:
500 bags prime Rio Coffee;
200 " Java and Laguyra Coffee;
3 bales superior old Mocha Coffee;
75 hhds. prime N. O. Sugar;
120 bbls. Plantation Molasses;
30 boxes Double Refined Loaf Sugar;
100 bbls. N. O. Loaf Sugar, different numbers;
30 " Crushed and Powdered Sugar;
10 " Clarified Sugar;
50 half chests G. P. and Y. H. Tea;
150 6℔ and 13℔ boxes G. P. and Y. H. Tea;
25 half chests Powchong Tea;
125 boxes James River Tobacco, various brands;
25 " Missouri do. do.;
75 " Kentucky do. do.;
50,000 Spanish and Half Spanish Cigars;
800 kegs Nails, assorted sizes;
400 bbls. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel;
250 half and quarter boxes Nos. 1 and 2 Mackerel;
10 bbls. Salmon;
10 " Pickled Herrings;
250 doz. Painted and Varnished Buckets;
50 nests Painted Tubs;
200 boxes 8 by 10 and 10 by 12 Glass;
300 coils Manilla Rope, assorted sizes;
1,500 gallons Sperm Oil;
50 bbls. Tanners' Oil;
Together with a complete assortment of Spices, Dye Stuffs, Liquors, Wines, &c. &c. &c. January 1, 1846

BELL & TERRY,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
MAIN STREET, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH CROSS STREETS,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY,
HAVE constantly on hand a very general assortment of Goods in their line: Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Tea, Indigo, Madder, the best brands Chewing Tobacco; with a great variety of articles, which they will sell low for cash, or exchange for Country Produce, Feathers, Ginseng, Beeswax, Flax Seed, Lard, &c.
January 1, 1846

J. C. BUCKLES,
COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANT,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
PARTICULAR attention paid to Receiving and Forwarding Produce and Merchandize generally. ☞His Fire-Proof Warehouse being situated at the Landing, no drayage charged.
January 1. 1846.

E. HOLBROOK,
NO. 474, MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY,
IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER
OF all kinds of Tobacco and Cigars, solicits the attention of Country Merchants and dealers generally, visiting the city, to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.
January 1, 1846

NEW UNION BRASS & IRON FOUNDERY.
JOHN T. BROOKS & CO.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
THE subscribers respectfully announce to the citizens of Louisville and the public generally, that they are now prepared to manufacture all kinds of Machinery at their Foundery, on Main, below Ninth street: such as Steam Engines, of superior quality; Cotton, Woolen, Hemp, or Experimental Machinery of every description; all kinds of Blacksmith Work; Castings of every kind, such as Wagon Boxes, Fan Wheels, Plough Moulds, Mantle and Window Grates; all kinds of Window and Door Lintels; Light and Fancy Fences made and set up on the most reasonable terms; Grate Bars for Steam Boats and other Furnaces of improved patterns; and all kind of Brass Work made to order; Brass Castings; Spelter; Solder; Copper Rivets, &c.
JOHN T. BROOKS & CO.
☞Cash paid for old Copper, Iron and Brass. January 1, 1846

McLEAN & BACON,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
NO. 440, MAIN, BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH CROSS STREETS,
January 1, 1846 LOUISVILLE, KY.

WALKER'S NEW CITY EXCHANGE AND RESTAURANT,
PEARL OR THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY,
AT this establishment can be had all the Luxuries and Delicacies of the season. Files of papers, from the principal cities of the Union, are kept for the accommodation of strangers and others. January 1, 1846*

CO-PARTNERSHIP.
THE subscribers have formed a co-partnership, and will continue the WHOLESALE DRUG BUSINESS, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, in the store-house recently occupied by Messrs. Lewis & Wilkes, under the firm of ROBINSON, PETER & CARY, and the retail branch of the business at the old stand on Market street, between 3d and 4th streets, under the firm of PETER, ROBINSON & CO.
ARTHUR PETER,
R. A. ROBINSON,
January 1, 1846. GEO. H CARY.

ROBINSON, PETER & CARY, *Wholesale Dealers in Drugs, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Tobacco, Window Glass, &c.*, North side of Main street, two doors below Fourth, have a large and complete stock of articles in their line, and will soon be in receipt of their large spring supplies, purchased of importers and manufacturers at the eastern cities, by one of the firm, upon the best terms.
We invite our old friends and customers, and dealers generally, to send us their orders or give us a call, assuring them that we can offer every inducement our market affords.
Louisville, Jan. 1, 1846

WOODRUFF & McBRIDE,
NO. 15, JACOB'S ROW, BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET,
Louisville, Ky.,
KEEP constantly on hand, a general assortment of HARDWARE and CUTLERY. Also, Manufacturers of PLANES of every description. All orders filled at the shortest notice.
January 12, 1846.

NOCK, RAWSON & CO.,
Main Street, opposite the Bank of Louisville,
LOUISVILLE KY.,
AGENTS for the sale of every description of Virginia, Kentucky, and Missouri MANUFACTURED TOBACCO, and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Foreign and Domestic Liquors, Wines, &c. January 12, 1846.

1020 BOXES VIRGINIA TOBACCO, embracing many of the most superior and favorite brands, in store and for sale very low, by NOCK, RAWSON & CO.,
January 12, 1846. *Main st., opposite Bank Louisville.*

H. D. NEWCOMB & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Jan. 1, 1846 WALL STREET, LOUISVILLE.

Cincinnati Advertisements.

S. & S. S. CLARK,
NO. 180, MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FOURTH & FIFTH,
CINCINNATI, OHIO,
DEALERS in Carriage Trimmings and Saddlery Hardware. We have on hand, and intend keeping a large and general assortment of COACH and SADDLERY HARDWARE, Wood Hames, Saddle Trees, and Trimmings of all kinds that are wanted in either of the above lines. Also, Manufacturers and Dealers in Leather; such as Carriage Top Hides, Patent Leather, Skirting Harness, Bridle Bag Leather, Hog and Calf skin Seating, Padding, &c., Sole and Upper Leather, Wax Calf skins, Morocco, Linings, Bindings, Shoe Thread, &c.
All of the above we will sell at Wholesale or Retail, upon as good terms as they can be had in the West. January 1, 1846

CARPET WAREHOUSE,
MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.
BENT & DUVALL,
HAVE now in store, a large assortment of Carpetings and Oil Cloths, of the following kinds:
Brussels Carpeting of various qualities;
Super 3 ply Imperial do;
Scotch Ingrain do;
Common Ingrain do;
Chenille and Tufted Rugs;
Floor Oil Cloths, from 3 to 24 feet wide:
Table do of various patterns and qualities;
Black do for Coach Manufacturers;
4-4, 3-4, and 5-8 Venetian Carpetings;
Fenders, Shovels and Tongs, and Irons.
Also—A general assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, such as Cloths, Cassimeres, Blankets, brown and bleached Sheetings and Shirtings, CURTAIN GOODS of every variety and style; Silk Dress Goods, &c. &c.; all of which they will sell at very low prices for Cash. Orders from the country attended to promptly, and with strict attention to orders.
January 1, 1846

J. K. OGDEN & CO.,
No. 162, Main street, between Fourth and Fifth, at the sign of the Old Padlock, Cincinnati, Ohio,
IMPORTERS of Hardware and Cutlery, and Dealers in Steel, Nails, Vices, Trace, Log and Halter Chains, Castings, &c.; Gun Barrels, Locks and Trimmings of all kinds.
January 1, 1846

THE CINCINNATI TYPE FOUNDRY,
HORACE WELLS, Agent,
CENTRE STREET, ONE DOOR FROM VINE, CINCINNATI.
KEEP on hand and manufacture to order, English and German TYPES and PRINTING MATERIALS, of every description, in quality equal to, and prices the same as, the Eastern Founderies. January 1, 1846

PETER SMITH,
NO. 36, FIFTH STREET, BETWEEN MAIN AND WALNUT STREETS, CINCINNATI.
IMPORTER and Dealer in French, English and German FANCY GOODS, TOYS, &c.; Brushes, Combs, Jewelry, Cutlery, Baskets, Fishing Tackle, &c.; Military Goods, Daguerreotype Materials, Chemicals, Cases, &c. &c. January 1, 1846

JOSEPH W. WAYNE & CO.,
No. 196, Main street, directly opposite the lower side of Fifth street Market Space, CINCINNATI.
DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN HARDWARE.—We would invite the attention of Merchants and others purchasing Goods in Cincinnati, to our superior and well assorted stock of Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, Castings, &c. &c. Our Foreign Goods being imported directly from Europe by ourselves, and our Domestic being received from the American manufacturers. We feel confident that we can offer all articles in our line on as good terms as any house in the trade. January 1, 1846

THOMAS T. WHITEHEAD,
Manufacturers' Warehouse, No. 34, Main st.,
CINCINATI, OHIO.
AGENT for Bakewell, Pears & Co., Pittsburg, Flint Glass Manufacturers. Also, for P. McCormick's Pittsburg Hope Cotton Factory, is constantly supplied with large stocks of Goods, made by the above houses. Also, a regular supply of Wm. McCully & Co., S. McKee & Co., and C. Ihmsen's imitation Crown, and best Cylinder Window Glass, all of which are sold at regular Factory rates, and the quality of the articles warranted of the best. January 1, 1846

CINCINNATI MUSIC STORE.
T. B. MASON, PIANO & MUSIC STORE, CINCINNATI,
ON MAIN STREET, ONE DOOR ABOVE FOURTH,
HAS at all times on hand, a great variety of PIANO FORTES, from all the best makers in the United States, including (among others,) Mr. J. Chickering of Boston, who now stands unrivalled as a Piano maker, by any other in the world—prices from $260 to $800. Also, a large assortment of fine and common French, American, and German Guitars; super Italian and French Violin and Guitar strings.
ACCORDIONS; Military Instruments of every description, for Bands; Reeds; Mouth-pieces; Bridges; Tuning Forks; Music Paper, &c. &c.; Music for the Piano, Guitar, Violin, Flute, Clarionet, &c.; Instruction Books for all sorts of instruments. All for sale at Philadelphia and New York prices. *A liberal discount to Country Merchants.*
☞Any orders left at the Commonwealth Office, will be forwarded and receive immediate attention. January 1, 1846

CARPET WAREHOUSE,
No. 170, Main street, up stairs, between Fourth and Fifth streets,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
100,000 YARDS OF CARPETING for sale (AT REDUCED PRICES) Wholesale and Retail, varying in price from 12½ cents to $3 50 per yard, at the NEW CARPET WAREHOUSE, No. 170, Main street, up stairs, between 4th and 5th streets. The subscribers have lately opened an *exclusive Carpet Warehouse*, such as are to be found in the Eastern Cities; and it is the only one of the kind in the Western country. We have lately been receiving our FALL supplies; the public need therefore not go East any more, when such an establishment is to be found in Cincinnati. We respectfully invite your attention to our new and splendid stock. Also, our spacious room to exhibit them in—please call and judge for yourselves; we are receiving new supplies every day. Among our stock are to be found every article pertaining to the Carpet Business, viz:
Full sets of 4-4 and 3-4 Brussels Tapestry;
Full sets of Wilton and Saxony;
Full sets of extra rich Royal Brussels;
New style splendid and rich Imperial Carpets;
Extra heavy 3 ply Carpets;
Best superfine Ingrain;
Handsome extra fine Ingrain;
Fine and common Ingrain;
4-4, 3-4, and 5-8, Royal treble twilled Venetians;
4-4, 3-4, and 5-8, fine English worsted Venetians;
4-4, 3-4, and 5-8, London Damask Venetian;
4-4, 3-4, and 5-8, Plain striped Venetian;
Rugs—extra superfine Cheneille;
Tufted and Saxony;
Brussels and Axminster;
Matts—tufted, Saxony, and Adelaide;
Jute, Matina, and Calicant.
Also—Imported and American Brussels, Stair, and Parlor Carpeting, not to be surpassed anywhere. Also, a full and complete stock of American and English Floor Oil Cloth, handsomer and better than any ever offered in this market, and will cut them any size for Rooms, Halls, Entries, Vestibules, Door-pieces, &c. Also, Coach Oil Cloths, Furniture Cloths, Druggets and Floor Baizes.
Also—French embossed Piano and Table Covers.
Also—Canton and Spanish Floor Mattings, 6-4, 5-4, and 4-4 wide.
Also—Table Linens, Diapers, Crash, Stair Linen, Cotton and Woolen Crumb Cloths; all colors of figured Damask and Watered Moreens, Stair Rods, Carpet Binding, &c.
January 1, 1846 J. C. RINGWALT & CO.

DAY & MATLACK,
NO. 200, MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE FIFTH STREET MARKET SPACE,
CINCINNATI, OHIO,
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, Lace and Variety Goods. ☞Always on hand, a complete stock of *Vestings, Tailors' Trimmings, Drawer Goods, Small Wares*, Zephyr and Woollen Yarns, Working Canvass, Knitting Cottons, Bonnet Ribbons, Gimps, Fringes, Stocks, Shirt Bosoms and Collars, Combs, Percussion Caps, Shoe Thread, &c. &c. January 1, 1846

W. & R. P. RESOR,
NOS. 25 AND 27, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STOVES AND GRATES, Dealers in Tinplate, Sheet Iron, Copper, Tin-Man's Tools, Findings, &c. January 1, 1846

WITHERS, O'SHAUGHNESSY & Co.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS—AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Southeast corner of Main and Third streets,
January 1, 1846 CINCINNATI.

G. & J. H. SHOENBERGER,
JUNIATA IRON WORKS, PITTSBURG—WAREHOUSE,
NO. 13, FRONT STREET, CINCINNATI,
MANUFACTURERS of all sizes of Iron Nails and Boiler Rivets, from the best Juniata Bloom, of their own manufacture. Also, all sizes of Blister, Railroad Car, and Carriage Spring Steel, warranted equal to any in the U. States.
N. B. None genuine without the stamp, "Shoenberger" on it.
January 1, 1846

THOMAS H. PARKER,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND AMERICAN WOOLLENS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c.,
NO. 35, PEARL STREET, OPPOSITE PEARL STREET HOUSE, CINCINNATI.
T. H. P. has business connections at the East, and will be constantly receiving the newest and best styles of Goods, which he offers for sale at the lowest prices. Tailors and buyers of Woollens are respectfully requested to call and examine.
January 1, 1846

Cincinnati Advertisements.

THE BEST, AND CHEAPEST,
AND MOST UNIFORM SERIES OF STANDARD
SCHOOL BOOKS
EVER PUBLISHED.
TO those engaged in the important, but arduous task of instructing youth, McGUFFEY'S ECLECTIC READERS, Nos. One, Two, Three and Four, are now presented, thoroughly revised, and greatly enlarged, with many important improvements. They are now in a *permanent* stereotype form, NO FURTHER ALTERATIONS being intended.
Prof. McGuffey's enthusiastic devotion to the cause of Education, his fine taste and discriminating mind, and his practical experience as an instructer, render him peculiarly fitted for the department of authorship, to which he has given his attention. The suggestions of intelligent teachers who had used the former editions of the series, and the valuable aid afforded him in the revision by an experienced educator, have also furnished him with unusual facilities for advantageously revising and enlarging these works.
In this series, comprising as it does, a careful selection of instructive, entertaining and *moral* matter, progressively arranged, and graduated with reference to the capacity of the pupil, Prof. McGuffey has afforded to parents and teachers, a most thorough, complete, and efficient auxiliary in the education of youth. Its extensive use has been sufficient for the development and just appreciation of its many excellencies. The result is, that intelligent teachers pronounce it the *most complete* series now before the public.
The intrinsic merit of Prof. McGuffey's Eclectic Readers, having gained for them an unparalleled and rapidly increasing circulation, the publisher is enabled, notwithstanding the heavy expenditure in their revision and enlargement, to manufacture them in the neatest and most *durable* manner, while they are now furnished at such *low prices*, that they are the CHEAPEST, as well as the best school reading books extant.
JUST PUBLISHED,
McGUFFEY'S RHETORICAL GUIDE; or Fifth Reader, of the Eclectic Series—480 pages, 12mo.; containing copious and minute rules, examples and exercises in articulation, inflection, emphasis, accent, quantity, rhetorical pause, modulation, expression, reading of poetry, rhetorical dialogue, gesture, and their collateral subjects, to which are added a great variety of elegant reading lessons, (about one half prose and half poetry,) selected from the most classic writers; furnishing entertaining and instructive specimens of various styles of composition. This work has been prepared with very great care, and with reference to making it a useful, practical, and standard book; and the publisher confidently hopes, that the Rhetorical Guide of Mr. McGuffey is well adapted to supply the wants of classes in rhetorical reading in our Academies, High Schools and Colleges.
McGUFFEY'S ECLECTIC READERS are printed and published at 56, Main street, Cincinnati, Ohio, by
W. B. SMITH & CO.,
School Book Publishers.
WM. M. TODD, Book Seller, Frankfort, Ky., has a supply of "McGuffey's Readers," which are unequaled as to merit, and they will be sold at low prices. May 13, 1845.—657-6m

WAYNE & PLEIS,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN PAINTS, OILS & VARNISHES,
230, MAIN, BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH STREETS,
January 1, 1846 CINCINNATI.

TO CABINET MAKERS.
THE subscriber has constantly on hand, Mahogany, Rose and Zebra Wood, and Maple Veneers, Chair Plank, Hair Seating, Plush, Curled Hair, Looking Glass Plates, Sofa Springs, Varnish, Glue—together with a general assortment of Cabinet Hardware. All of which will be sold at fair prices.
J. L. WAYNE,
January 1, 1846 *No. 114, Main street, Cincinnati.*

REEVES, WOODRUFF & NEVIN,
NO. 52, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION DRY GOODS HOUSE.—Dry Goods by the piece or package, at the very lowest prices, at private sale. Public sales every WEDNESDAY. Jan. 1, 1846

TO HOUSE-KEEPERS.
THE Subscriber is just receiving Dixon & Son's Britannia Ware, Brass Andirons, Shovel and Tongs, Ivory and other Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, &c. &c., direct importation. All of which will be sold at low prices. J. L. WAYNE,
January 1, 1846 *No. 114, Main street, Cincinnati.*

WILLIAM S. SAMPSON,
No. 92, Main street, corner of Hopple's Alley, between Lower Market and Third, CINCINNATI.
IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in EARTHEN, CHINA and GLASS WARE, Lamps, Castors, Tea Trays, Knives, Forks, &c. &c. January 1, 1846

ROGERS & BROTHERS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, AND AGENTS FOR SALE OF KANAWHA SALT,
NO. 38, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI.
ORDERS for SALT, will be filled at the current rates, and shipped on the Frankfort packets, without any extra charge.
January 1, 1846

BROADWAY HOTEL,
J. H. CROMWELL, PROPRIETOR—CINCINNATI,
RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has made a large addition to his House, in which are contained bed rooms and private parlors, conveniently arranged and newly furnished, both for private families and single persons. He has now ample accommodations to supply in a comfortable and handsome style, the wants of the traveling public. Every comfort and attention which the abundant facilities of supply in Cincinnati, and his own personal efforts can furnish, will be given to his guests.
January 6, 1846.

BEATTY, M'KENZIE & GILLETT,
NOS. 20 AND 22, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WHOLESALE dealers in Groceries and Produce, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, and other manufactures. ☞They keep constantly on hand, a large and well selected stock of Western Reserve Cheese and Butter. January 1, 1846

C. DONALDSON & CO.,
IMPORTERS & DEALERS IN FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARE & CUTLERY,
NO. 18, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.
SOLE AGENT for the sale of BURDER'S PATENT HORSE SHOES. January 1, 1846

A. H. MEYER,
NO. 20, MAIN STREET, SIX DOORS ABOVE FRONT,
CINCINNATI,
IMPORTER, Manufacturer, and dealer in all kinds of Virginia and Kentucky CHEWING TOBACCO, Havana, Spanish, Half Spanish, and American Cigars, and all kinds of Snuff at wholesale. January 1, 1846

PLACE, TRABER & CO.,
NO. 9, FRONT ST., BETWEEN MAIN AND SYCAMORE,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.—Also, dealers in European Wines and Liquors, and Agents for the sale of Kanawha Salt and Fire Proof Safes. January 1, 1846.

KELLOGG & KENNETT,
WHOLESALE GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 14, EAST FRONT STREET, CINCINNATI.
AGENTS for KANAWHA SALT, and St. Louis SUGAR REFINERY. January 1, 1846

CABINET FURNITURE, CHAIRS, &c.
JOHN GEYER, (of the late firm of Ross & Geyer,) has constantly on hand and for sale at his old stand, No. 8, East Fourth street, a general assortment of CABINET FURNITURE, manufactured by himself, faithfully made, and of the most modern style, consisting of Sofas, Sociables, Divans, Tete-a-Tetes, Ottomans, Reclining Chairs, Sideboards, Dressing Bureaus, Wardrobes, Card and Centre Tables, Bedsteads, and every variety of Cabinet Furniture.
He also continues the manufacture of Mahogany, Walnut, Cane seat and Windsor CHAIRS, of all descriptions and of the latest fashions—Spring and Common Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Transparent Window Blinds, &c. all of the best materials.—Those wishing to purchase are invited to call at his Ware Rooms and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Jan. 1 1846. JOHN GEYER.

GOODHUE & CO.,
NO. 14, MAIN ST., EAST SIDE, 7th DOOR ABOVE FRONT,
CINCINNATI.

Manufacturers of, and Dealers in, Stoves, Grates and Hollow Ware. Also, Dealers in Tin Plate, Copper, Zinc, Block-Tin, Russia and American
Sheet Iron Ware,
Wire, Rivets, Brass-Kettles, &c.
No. 14,
MAIN STREET,
CINCINNATI.
January 1, 1846.

STEDMAN, MAYNARD & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, COTTON YARNS, &c. &c.
NO. 17, PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI.
January 1, 1846

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE.

SATURDAY, Jan. 17, 1846.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Goodell.

The Clerk read the Journal of yesterday.

Petitions were presented by Messrs. SWOPE, HELM, DYER, and TAYLOR.

Mr. HOLLOWAY had special leave to introduce a bill for the benefit of John G. Howard, former Sheriff of Daviess: referred to committee on Finance.

REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES.

Mr. HARDIN, from the committee on the Judiciary, a bill to amend the penal laws: makes the maiming, disfiguring, killing horses, cattle, &c., a penal offence, punishable by fine to the amount of value of animals, &c.: the Senate refused to dispense with the third reading, yeas 26, nays 7, not four-fifths, and so the bill went into the orders.

Also, that the bill to them re-committed, to amend the act requiring proprietors of shows to obtain license, should *not* pass: the bill was intended to require lecturers for money, &c., to obtain license.

Mr. PEYTON moved an amendment, that the provisions of the act be confined to Christian county: negatived.

Mr. EVANS moved an amendment applying the act specially to Singing masters.

Mr. SOUTH moved that the bill lie on the table: agreed to.

Mr. HARDIN, from the same committee, a bill regulating certain duties of Justices of the Peace, with an amendment reducing the fine for failure to keep dockets from $50 to $25: concurred and passed.

Also, a bill to repeal the act of March 10, 1843, to amend the execution laws: rejected.

Also, a H. R. act to reduce the price of unappropriated lands in Madison co., &c., with an amendment to reduce the price to $4 per hundred acres, and applying the proceeds to opening and clearing out a road from the Indian creek settlement to the crossing of the Big Hill: went into the orders.

Also, a H. R. bill for the relief of Francis Machen: passed.

Also, a H. R. act for the benefit of the heirs of Elisha Franklin, deceased: passed.

Also, a H. R. act for the benefit of Urban E. Kennedy and Achsaw H. Kennedy, of Todd county: passed.

(A message from the Governor, by Mr. Secretary HARDIN, communicating sundry nominations of militia officers: rule dispensed and confirmed.)

Also, a H. R. act to change the venue in the case of Amon C. Hale, indicted for perjury, from the Clinton to the Monroe Circuit Court: passed.

Also, a H. R. act for the benefit of the infant heirs of G. W. Wall, deceased: passed.

Also, a H. R. act for the benefit of Susan Ann D. Young and her children: passed.

Also, a H. R. act for the benefit of Milton King, Clerk of the Cumberland Circuit Court, with an amendment: concurred and passed.

Also, a H. R. act for the benefit of John Dennis' wife and children: passed.

Also, a H. R. act for the benefit of the children of Wm. M. Taylor: passed.

Mr. A. BOYD, from the committee on Enrollments, reported a bill for the divorce of John Kincaid, jr., and Martha Susan Kincaid, and restoring her to her maiden name of Martha Susan Owsley, which was signed by the Speaker.

Mr. PATTERSON, from the committee on the Judiciary: a bill for the benefit of Wm. Wadlington, of Caldwell: allows him to bring seven slaves from Mississippi.

Mr. BALLARD moved that the bill lie on the table: negatived, yeas 4, nays 25.

The bill then passed, yeas 20, nays 11, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. A. Boyd, Bradford, Bradley, Bramlette, Chenault, Conner, Crenshaw, Dyer, Evans, Gray, Harris, Heady, Helm, Marshall, Patterson, Peyton, South, Thomas, Thurman, and Wallace—25.

NAYS—Messrs. Ballard, W. P. Boyd, Butler, Fox, Holloway, Newell, Slaughter, Swope, Taylor, Todd and Walker—11.

A message from the Governor, by Mr. Secretary HARDIN, announcing that he had approved and signed the bill divorcing John Kincaid, Jr., and Martha Susan Kincaid.

Mr. Patterson, from the same committee, a resolution rejecting the petition of Wm. Wadlington in relation to certain streets and alleys in Princeton: pending the question, the Speaker announced the

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

The unfinished special order, referred to the committee of the Whole—a bill to amend the act of 1845, concerning slaves, &c: makes it a penal offence to utter seditious matter calculated to render slaves dissatisfied, or produce insurrection, &c. (The bill at large has been already copied into this paper.)

Mr. HELM moved that the Senate go into committee of the Whole on this bill: agreed to.

Mr. A. BOYD in the Chair.

The pending question was on the motion of Mr. HELM to amend by striking out a certain portion of the second section as heretofore reported.

Mr. HELM withdrew the motion.

The pending question was next on the motion of Mr. SLAUGHTER to strike out the second section of the bill; and the question being taken, on striking out, it was decided in the affirmative.

Mr. HELM moved the following to take the place in the bill of the section just stricken out.

Be it further enacted, That every person who shall excite, or attempt to excite, any slave or slaves in this Commonwealth to insurrection, rebellion against the laws, or to resistance against the exercise of the lawful authority of the owner, or possessor of such slave or slaves, by the publication or circulation of any pamphlet, newspaper, circular, letter, or any other seditious document, or in any manner whatever, shall be subject to indictment in the county where such offence was committed, and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than five hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and on failure to pay the same, shall be committed to the Jail of the county until the fine and costs, including Jailers' fees, shall be paid.

Mr. BUTLER moved the following as a substitute for the section proposed by Mr. HELM:

That hereafter, when any person or persons, shall be guilty of having excited any slave or slaves within this Commonwealth, to insurrection or rebellion, or insubordination to the lawful authority of the owner or owners of such slave or slaves by any means whatever, such person or persons so offending shall be subject to an indictment of a grand jury of the county in which the offence may have been committed, and upon conviction thereof, may be sentenced to confinement in the Jail and Penitentiary for a period not less than , nor more than years, in the discretion of a Jury.

An able discussion of the general principles of the bill by Messrs. GRAY and HELM on the affirmative side, and by Messrs. BUTLER and EVANS in opposition, ensued, during which the latter indicated his purpose to move a proviso, applying the provisions of the act only to those guilty of a malicious intention to deprive owners of slaves, or to excite violation of law, &c. [We design to present the whole discussion on this bill, in one connected view, after the bill shall have been disposed of.]

Mr. HARRIS moved that the committee rise, report progress and ask leave to sit again: agreed to.

Mr. A. BOYD, from the committee of the Whole, reported progress on the bill, and asked leave to sit again: agreed to.

The Senate, then, on motion, adjourned; but the vote was immediately re-considered.

Mr. BUTLER moved that he have leave to withdraw a private letter, which, by mistake, had been put in a bundle referred to the committee on the Judiciary, concerning the nomination of Judge Kinkead; and the question being taken, it was decided in the affirmative, yeas 23, nays 9, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. W. P. Boyd, Bradford, Bramlette, Butler, Chenault, Crenshaw, Dyer, Evans, Fox, Gray, Hardin, Helm, Holloway, Key, Newell, Patterson, Peyton, Slaughter, Swope, Taylor, Thomas, Thurman and Wallace—23.

NAYS—Messrs. A. Boyd, Bradley, Conner, Draffin, Harris, Heady, South and Walker—9.

And then the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SATURDAY, January 17, 1846.

Prayers and the Journal being read.

Petitions, &c. were presented by Messrs. HARDY and BRAWNER; which were received, &c. and referred.

A message from the Senate by Mr. Senator FOX, reported the title of a bill passed in that body, to-wit: a bill divorcing John Kincaid and Martha S. Kincaid.

On motion of Mr. BARKLEY, the said bill was taken up and concurred in.

On motion of Mr. HARLAN,

Mr. JAMES N. STEPHENS, the sucsessful contestant member from Boone county, appeared before the Clerk's table, received the oath of the Constitution, and took the vacant seat of the gentleman returned to serve in this House from said county.

REPORTS FROM SELECT COMMITTEES.

Mr. D. B. JOHNSON moved to dispense with the rule to allow them an opportunity to report a bill; but on motion of Mr. HARLAN, he acquiesced in a modification making the dispensation general: which was carried.

Mr. J. then reported a bill to establish the town of Milton, in Trimble county; which was read, &c., and passed.

Mr. E. SMITH, reported a bill to amend the act of 1833, prohibiting the importation of slaves into this Commonwealth: which was referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. BOTTS reported a bill for the benefit of Elizabeth Wathen: [to authorize a chancery decree for the sale of a slave:] passed.

Mr. S. STONE reported a bill to amend the law on the subject of divorces.

Mr. E. SMITH proposed to amend by adding a section to the effect that, hereafter in the trial of all cases for a divorce in the courts, a jury shall be empannelled to try the cause, and decide by verdict as in common law cases.

Mr. HAGGARD moved to lay the bill and amendment on the table.

Mr. MAYHALL moved to refer the propositions to the committee on Religion; which motion took precedence, and the reference was made accordingly.

A message from the Senate by Mr. Secretary KOHLHASS, reported the action of that body on sundry bills, &c.

Mr. PETERS reported a bill to amend the law regulating the Court of Appeals; which was read, &c., and reported to the committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. DESHA, leave of absence till Monday, was granted to the gentleman from Clarke.

On motion of Mr. B. STONE, the committee on Propositions and Grievances obtained leave to sit during the sessions of the House.

Mr. COX reported a bill to incorporate the town Hillsborough, in Fleming county: passed.

Mr. GEORGE BOWLING reported a bill for the benefit of Alexander Strong, of Breathitt county: [establishing a mill dam:] referred to the committee on Internal Improvement.

Mr. DUNCAN reported a bill to amend the charter of the Bourbon Agricultural Society: passed.

Mr. J. S. SMITH reported a bill to establish a precinct at Friendship School House in Madison county: which was read, &c.

Mr. BROWN proposed to amend by establishing an additional precinct in Hardin county, which was adopted: and the bill passed.

Mr. D LLAM, from the Enrollments committee, reported a correct enrollment of the divorce bill of John Kincaid, &c., which received the signature of the SPEAKER.

Mr. ABBETT reported a bill to abolish an election precinct in Gallatin county: [the Old Mill Precinct.]

Mr. BRAWNER proposed to amend by adding a section to abolish the precinct at Baker E. Walker's, in Whitley county: which was adopted.

Mr. L. COMBS proposed to amend by adding the abolishment of the election precinct at Chilesburg, in Fayette county: which was carried; and then the bill was adopted with a corresponding amendment of title.

Mr. MAYES reported a bill to change at a certain point the State road from Paducah, to Moss' Ferry: which was adopted.

Mr. ROOT reported a bill for the benefit of Common Schools in this Commonwealth: which was referred to the committee on Education.

Mr. HARDY arose to make a suggestion. He observed many were anxious to get forward their local business, and the result was that several genmen would address the Chair at the same instant—making it frequently embarrassing to the Speaker to determine who was entitled to the floor. To avoid this difficulty, and to save time, and at the suggestion of the Clerk, he proposed, as a more convenient and expedious manner of getting along with business, that a call of the counties be adopted for the special purpose of receiving reports from select committees.

In which suggestion the Speaker acquiesced, and the order was taken by consent.

Mr. ANTHONY reported a bill to repeal the law limiting the number of Justices of the Peace in Simpson county to ten: passed.

Mr. JAMES COMBS reported a bill for the benefit of Preston F. Samuels. Referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. THURSTON reported a bill to change the name of William Oden Smith to Markham Oden Smith.

Mr. ABBETT proposed to amend by changing the name of Ephraim Pendleton to Ephraim Pendleton Hutchison: which was adopted, and the bill passed.

Mr. J. T. SMITH reported a bill to amend the penal laws—prohibiting the manufacture and sale of ardent spirit by free negroes, mulatoes and Indians.

Mr. DARNABY proposed to amend by prohibiting the sale of spiritous liquors, by such persons, within five miles of any convocation for public worship.

Mr. L. COMBS proposed to amend the amendment, by striking out the word "cider." Mr. C. observed that he cherished *a feeling* on the subject of *hard* cider especially, and he did hope the House would indulge him by carrying his motion for this one little amendment. [A laugh.]

The motion was then carried.

Mr. POPE proposed a motion to amend by exempting the city of Louisville from the provisions of the act: but before the question was taken,

On motion of Mr. MAYES, the bill and amendments were referred to the Judiciary committee.

Mr. G. BOWLING reported a bill to change the place of voting in an election precinct in Breathitt county—from Roger Turner's to Samuel Spicer's.

Mr. BEGLEY proposed to amend by changing the place of voting in a Clay county precinct, from the mouth of the Rock house to the house of Wm. Begley, Jr., which was adopted, and then the bill passed.

Mr. CLARKE reported a bill changing the place of voting in the Donaldson precinct of Caldwell county; passed.

Mr. ABBETT reported a bill for the benefit of William Dean: referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. HAGGARD reported a bill for the benefit of Wool-growers of this Commonwealth: to which sundry amendments were proposed, and then the subject was referred to the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures.

Mr. MAYES reported a bill to place the State road leading from Moss' ferry, on the Tennessee river, to Wadesborough, in Marshall county, under the control of the said County Court: passed.

Mr. M. also reported a bill limiting the elections in Calloway and Marshall counties to one day: referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. COX, leave of absence till Wednesday, was obtained for the member from Kenton.

Mr. L. COMBS reported a bill to exempt the wages of journeymen mechanics and laboring men from guarnisheement for debt: which was referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. COX reported a bill to incorporate the Blue Lick Hotel and Water Company: referred to the Judiciary committee.

Mr. C. also reported a bill to change the name of a place in Madison county, from Arcadia to Rogersville: passed.

Mr. SEATON reported a bill for the benefit of John Young, Surveyor of Greenup county: passed.

Mr. DUDLEY reported a bill to establish a public seminary of learning in the town of Hickman, and for the erection of a levee on the Mississippi river at the town of Fulton.

Mr. BROWN reported a bill for the benefit of the children of Achilles Moorman: authorizing the sale of land and slaves: passed.

Mr. MAYHALL reported the following bills, which were severally read, &c., and referred to the committee on the Judiciary, to-wit:

A bill for the benefit of landlord and tenant,

A bill to prevent impositions from empirical and quack physicians.

A bill for the benefit of Jurors in trying the right of property.

Mr. M. also reported a bill for the benefit of Nathan C. Marsh: which was referred to the committee on the Library.

Mr. MAXEY reported a bill to change the place of voting in an election precinct in Hart county: passed.

Mr. STEVENSON reported a bill to amend an act entitled, an act to amend the law on the subject of pedlars: referred to the committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. E. SMITH reported a bill to amend an act for the benefit of Hiram Begley, approved Feb. 22, 1845: passed.

Mr. R. C. BOWLING reported a bill to repeal the law exempting specific property from execution, and to revive the law exempting $250.

Mr. WORTHAM proposed to amend by striking out "250" and inserting "100."

Mr. BROWN offered a substitute for the bill amending the existing law so as further to exempt one additional work-beast, and one woman saddle.

Which bill and amendments were referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. R. C. BOWLING also reported a bill to change the names of George Washington and Thomas Jefferson Gallaher to George Washiugton and Thomas Jefferson Drane: passed.

On motion of Mr. RODMAN, the rule was now dispensed to hear a report from the committee on the Judiciary; whereupon,

Mr. HARLAN, from said committee, reported a bill to prevent the sale of spiritous liquors in the town of Lagrange, and within one mile thereof: which was read, &c., and passed.

And then the House adjourned.

M'GRAIN & MERIWETHER,

NO. 540, NORTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET, NEAR THIRD STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

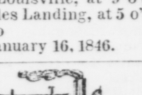
WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in, and Manufacturers of all kinds of STOVES, GRATES, and CASTINGS, Tea-kettles, Sadirons, and Tinware. January 1, 1846

STEAMBOAT KENTUCKY.

THE fine new steamer KENTUCKY, SAM'L. STEELE, Master, will leave Frankfort for Louisville, every Monday and Friday, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

Returning, will leave Louisville every Sunday at 9 o'clock, for Versailles Landing, and every Tuesday, at 2 o'clock, P. M. for the Harrodsburg Landing, and will leave the Harrodsburg Landing for Louisville, at 9 o'clock, A. M. every Thursday, and the Versailles Landing, at 5 o'clock, P. M. For freight apply on board, or to G. W. OWEN, Agent, Frankfort,

January 16, 1846. C. BASHAM, Jr., Agent, Louisville.

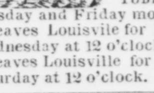


REGULAR PACKET.

The Steamer BLUE WING, Captain H. I. TODD, leaves Frankfort for Louisville every Tuesday and Friday mornings.

Leaves Louisvile for Frankfort and Woodford Landing every Wednesday at 12 o'clock.

Leaves Louisville for Frankfort and Munday's Landing every Saturday at 12 o'clock. January 1, 1846



FOR LOUISVILLE.

SUNDAY AND WEDNESDAY PACKET for Louisville. The steamer TOM METCALFE, JOHN A. HOLTON, Master, leaves as above regularly, at 9 o'clock, A. M. Apply to

January 10, 1846—d&w-tf. JOHN WATSON & CO.

LARD WANTED.

500 KEGS Lard wanted immediately,

January 16, 1546. B. F. JOHNSON & CO

LAST NOTICE, POSITIVELY.

WE have heretofore notified the public of our obligations to the State, to settle up in full once in each year, and have requested those having accounts with us, to settle them on or before the 1st day of November annually, to enable us to meet our engagements as aforesaid. We are now compelled to say *positively* and for the *last time*, that those indebted to us previous to the first day of November last, must come forward forthwith, and close their accounts up to that date, or we shall certainly place them in the hands of an officer for collection.

CRAIG & HENRY,

Jan. 12, 1846—1mw1md. *Agents and Keepers Ky. Penit'y.*

RARE BARGAIN.

FOR SALE CHEAP, for Cash or approved paper, a good BUGGY, HORSE and HARNESS; Horse suitable for saddle or harness, five years old; will be sold together or separately. Enquire at my office on Main street, or at Giltner's stable.

Jan 15—6t. W. H. DAVIS.

F. E. PUGH,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER,

NO. 420, CORNER 6TH AND MAIN STREETS, LOUISVILLE, KY.

MERCHANS, Travelers and Farmers, will find it to their advantage to call and see what bargains are to be had for cash.

☞All kinds of Country Produce bought at the best market price. January 1, 1846

WOODFORD FEMALE INSTITUTE,

(*Five miles from Versailles, and one mile from the Kentucky River, Woodford Landing.*)

IT is confidently believed, that, in this Seminary, all the useful branches of English Literature, with the French Language, and Piano Music, are as thoroughly taught, as in any similar Institution in Kentucky. The course of instruction is *ample*, and the method *practical*. The price is uniform: for board, and tuition in all the branches, except Music, $150 per annum. Music, $12 per quarter. Mr. BOECKING, an accomplished Teacher, has been engaged to give music lessons. The Scholastic Year begins on the first Monday in January, and closes about the middle of Dec. Six weeks vacation in midsummer. Pupils received at any time and charged to the end of the year. A few additional boarders could be received at the commencement of the New Year. See Circular. W. F. BROADDUS,

January 1, 1846—692-2m P. O. address, "Versailles, Ky."

SPEECH OF MR. BOTTS, OF NELSON,

Delivered in the House of Representatives, in Committee of the Whole, January 12, 1846, in opposition to the Convention Bill.

MR. CHAIRMAN:

When this bill, which is now submitted to our deliberation, was first proposed to this House, I determined to cast a silent vote, but the progress of debate and other circumstances, which I need not now mention, have induced me to change my purpose.

I will, therefore, if indulged a short time, endeavor to discharge that duty, that *imperative* duty, which I conceive I owe to my constituents, by expressing in this public manner, my disapprobation, my *unqualified* disapprobation, of the revolutionary measure now under consideration.

Should I remain silent—should I fail on this occasion, to utter my most solemn protest against the passage of this bill, which strikes at the very root and foundation of the government, I should perhaps prove recreant to the charge with which I am entrusted, unfaithful to my constituents, and unworthy the seat which I occupy.

There are several reasons which induce me to oppose the passage of this bill. The first is, that my constituents are decidedly opposed to it; the second is, that it is uncalled for; and the third is, that it is inexpedient. I will now examine these several reasons in their numerical and methodical order.

The first of these reasons or positions assumed against the passage this bill is, (it is true,) a matter of but minor importance, when the interest of the whole State at large is surveyed; the second will form the basis of a few remarks, and the third, in my humble opinion, involves in it matters of the most momentous consequences.

Under the first of these divisions of my remarks, it will be sufficient for me here to state, and I am proud to affirm on this floor, that my constituents are an industrious, enterprising and happy people, ever ready to maintain that Constitution which has protected them, and promises to protect their coming generations. I will now proceed to the second position.

I have stated that this bill is uncalled for: and I here repeat it, that the people have not demanded it, and do not desire its passage. But we are told by the advocates of this bill, (whose names and locations I am unable to utter, as I am almost a stranger in this hall,) that when we refuse to pass this bill, we withhold from the people the exercise of one of their fundamental and unalienable rights. To change, modify, and re-cast the Constitution, I admit is a sovereign right of the people; but the exercise of this right, which never was intended to be used, except in cases of the sternest necessity and highest exigencies, should never be forced upon the people by legislative action, unless the desire to do so on the part of the people, is indicated by the most infallable manifestions that such is their supreme will.

But shall we pass this bill, which may, and in all probability will, rouse up all the elements of human passion and magnify that discord, both religious and political, which now unhappily pervades our land; shall we do this when the people are not demanding it at our hands? What evidence have we that the people desire a change of the constituted powers that be? None. Have we any memorials of public grievances? Have we any petitions from the people that such is their will? If so, where are they? By whom were they presented, and how and where are they to be found? I should like to see them. Now, in the absence of all such evidence I am unwilling to give a vote which may, in the slighest degree, call in question the excellence and perfection of our Constitution.

Mr. Chairman—We have a Constitution, under the protection of which, you and I, and almost every member of this House has grown up—a constitution truly republican in its character, a master-piece of workmanship, and admirably adapted to the protection of all our rights; and what more do we want? What radical and palpable defects and imperfections are urged, by its assailants, against the present Constitution? None. What new guaranties, what additional guards, do gentlemen propose to plant around our citizens, to defend and protect their natural, social, and political rights? None. None at least that have made any impression upon my mind. We are told that the County Courts are a public grievance; nay, even a public nuisance; such at least is the inevitable conclusion resultng from the argument of gentlemen; and yet there is now pending before this House a bill to increase the jurisdiction and swell the importance of that body. I grant, sir, that County Courts are not very learned bodies: that the members thereof are not generally distinguished by the *regenti lucubrationes*; yet, sir, they are generally competent to the administration of justice, according to the limited sphere of their action. But, sir, you can curtail their powers. It is true they are created by the Constitution, but their powers and jurisdiction are not therein fully defined, and hence your control over their unwarrantable assumptions of power. We are told, moreover, that corruptions are creeping into the judiciary, and that high public functionaries are guilty of bartering and selling offices. These allegations may or may not be true; but as no gentleman on this floor has had the boldness and moral hardihood to make specific charges, I am constrained to deny the existence of such a state of facts. But suppose all these allegations to be true, what capital can the friends of this bill make out of them? None. For after all, they are but the errors of frail and corrupt men, and by no means the defects and imperfections resulting from the constitutional law. Man is naturally inclined to error—ever has been, and ever will be. He will carry with him his infirmities and imperfections, wherever he moves or exists, no matter what may be the form of government under which he lives. Pull down the pillars of the present Constitution and build a new one upon its ruins, and still it must be administered by mortal and frail man. Let no man flatter himself with the hopes that by changing the form of government, he can regenate man and eradicate from him his natural proneness to error. The great distinguishing charateristics of man have been the same in all ages and climes of the world. Though the mitre may glitter upon his temples and royal robes flow around his shoulders, still, sir, he has a human heart.

It seems to me that the advocates of this bill, in their zeal to assail and demolish the Constitution, have blundered into a remarkable error.

They assume a given state of facts; they assume that its accredited organs are corrupt, and then hold the Government or Constitution responsible for the corruptions of its administrators. This rule is pregnant with the grossest errors, and ruinous in its consequences. This rule would overturn every government in the universe, whether of republics or thrones, human or divine. We should not condemn a government because wicked men are sometimes clothed with its powers.

Sir, let us turn our attention back a few moments to the cloudy period of the Revolution, and learn a useful lesson of wisdom. Who doubts that this was a just cause? and yet it numbered amongst its friends a traitor; a traitor, whose name is distinguished in the calendar of the great by its immortal infamy. But who would hold that cause responsible for the treachery of Arnold? I could here multiply instances without number in demonstration of the position assumed, until the tedium of narration would exhaust your patience. One or two more examples, and I will cease to trouble you with this class of reasoning.

The Jews were a peculiarly favored people; yet they were corrupt, and the great High Priest of their religion suffered them to make unto themselves a golden calf, and bow down to it in all the abominations of idolatry. Would any man condem their Great Chart, received from Heaven amid thunders and lightnings, because of the wickedness of these people? Surely not.

Mr. Chairman, you and I, and every member of this House, took a most solemn oath upon the Sacred Volume that lies upon the desk before me. Now I ask, and I ask emphatically, is there a man in this House, who would hold that Holy Volume responsible for the treachery of a Judas, or the sin of a Simon Magus? I maintain that, that rule which identifies the Government with the infirmities of its officers, is grossly erroneous.

I here, again, ask, what defects and imperfections exist in the present Constitution, which call so loudly for remedial action? And I am answered that gentlemen, who oppose the bill, admit that there are defects in it. This is begging the question. One gentleman, if I understood him, assailed the Constitution, because the Legislature once granted to a superanuated Judge, who had resigned his seat, a salary of three hundred dollars per annum, and afterwards repealed the act. Now, suppose this was wrong in the Legislature to do so, was it the fault of the Constitution? I answer, no.

The enemies of this bill have admitted that there are some defects in the Constitution, and they have, at least, two reasons for the admission. I, at least, answer for myself, (and I presume my colleagues will not dissent.) One reason is, that it was made by man, and must necessarily partake of his imperfections, for perfection can only be found in an emination from Deity. Another reason is, that, we had every reason to presume, that the sagacity of gentlemen, who assail the Constitution, would develope defects which had escaped our observation. Now, upon these vague and indefinite concessions, the advocates of this bill base their whole argument. Whilst I admit that there may be, and probably are, defects in the Constitution, I, at the same time, affirm that I do not believe we could make one more valuable in all its parts.

The gentlemen, who urge the passage of this bill, act in concert in one point of view, and that is, in a general crusade against the Constitution; but after that there is an endless variety and discrepancy in their views. Such, I imagine, would be the case, were a convention assembled in this Capitol, on this night, to make, for the people of Kentucky, a new Constitution. All harmony would be discord.

I oppose this bill for another reason, which I have not yet suggested, and that is, that I believe that the too frequent discussions, (which will be the legitimate offsprings of this bill,) calling in question the adaptation of the Constitution to our wants, will infect the public mind with the belief that there must be something rotten in the Constitution, or otherwise its enemies would not be so clamorous.

Gentleman tell us that many of us were for a change of some of the features of the Federal Constitution, and hence insist that there is an inconsistency in our views. This is a gratuitous, and, I think, absurd conclusion. Are the two Constitutions the same in the process of legislation? No, sir. If a bill passes this House and the Senate, and should not meet with the approval of the Governor, what is the consequence? It is returned with his objections, and if a majority of all the members elected pass it, it becomes a law, his objections to the contrary notwithstanding. This is a great democratic feature in our Constitution! But, sir, is this the case in the process of our federal legislation? No, sir. If the President of the United States veto a bill, passed by both houses of Congress, it can never become a law, unless it should be passed over his objections, by a majority of two-thirds. This is an essential difference in the two Constitutions. The State Constitution is democratic, and the Federal anti-democratic in this particular.

But the mode, by which we amend or alter the two Constitutions, is very different. If you wish to amend the Federal, you specify your objections and suggest your amendments. If the people concur with you, the Constitution becomes amended in these particulars, while the balance of it, untouched, retains all the vigor of its strength.

But not so in the State Government; you cut down the whole fabric—you sever the united elements of the Constitution, and who can tell, whether or not, a new one, totally variant from the original, may not spring out of its ashes?

The wisdom of ages admonishes and teaches us the folly of attempting to change government for slight and trivial causes, and let us stand by its warnings. We have a Constitution which throws around us the strongest barriers of protection which human genius and wisdom could invent. What would be thought of the forecast of a giddy young gentleman, who had just come into the possession of a rich patrimony, and who squanders the same in the wildest schemes of experiment? A spirit of innovation seizes him. He determines upon change. The edifice which housed his ancestors—which protects him from the descending dews and rains of heaven, which shields him from the cold blasts of winter and the scorching suns of summer—first feels the work of his destructive hand; and why, because its front does not happen to be parallel with the great highway, which passes hard by. What extravagance and folly!

Mr. Chairman, this Capitol is a splendid building, and attracts the attention of the stranger, approach it from what direction he may. Its architecture is classical, it is convenient in all its arrangements, and spacious in its different departments. It is an ornament to the State. Would it not, therefore, be folly in this body—which is supposed to contain the assembled wisdom of the State—to dig up its foundations, transport its materials, and plant it upon one of the towering hills around Frankfort, in order that it might command a more elevated view of the river that would roll at its feet!

Pass this bill, and Kentucky will become the centre of political attraction. The fanatics of the North, the East and the West, will send their enthusiastic missionaries amongst us to confuse and distract us, while their inflammatory productions will rain upon our land, sent to teach us the natural rights of man, and the science of free government. Pass this bill, and such, I conceive, will be the inevitable result that will follow in the train of its consequences.

This bill has already awakened a lively interest in its fate, as may be seen by the evidences around us. Citizens and strangers, male and female, crowd this hall, and listen with the most intense and absorbing anxiety, to the progress of this debate—ready to catch the first intelligence as to the direction which shall be given to the sword now suspended over the Constitution of our country. I thank the ladies, (who are the flowers of animated creation,) for the lively interest which they manifest in the important events of the day: and, I will here take occasion to state, that I am satisfied that they, (and especially those who have favored us with their presence at this moment,) would, doubtless, had they it in their power, come to the rescue of a trembling and sinking Constitution.

It may be possible that this Government is doomed. It may be doomed to be numbered among the fallen republics of the world. Should that dark day ever

arrive, (which God forbid!) when our free institutions shall be swept away, and remembered only in historic song—when the broad principles of our Constitution, the great bulwark of human liberty, and an imperishable monument of human wisdom and greatness, shall sink in majestic ruins, I am persuaded, that the future historian who will rise up in after ages, when he casts his eye up the long descending line of time, and beholds our foundered Ship of State—when he contemplates its broken fragments and scattered particles, will exclaim, with the profoundest degree of wonder and astonishment, "this was all the work of a spirit of innovation!"

Mr. Chairman—I am no innovator. My motto is, when Government secures our citizens in the quiet pursuits of wealth and peace, we should sustain it, we should let it alone. Let us, then, resolve to hold on to this venerable Ship of State. She has weathered the pelting storms of 1824-5, and richly laden with the rights of man, she has come safely into port, making her way against adverse winds and opposing tides. I know not what others, who are not pledged, may do, but as for myself, I am determined to cling to this vessel of State, as long as there's a plank, a nail, or a rafter!

THE COMMONWEALTH,

FRANKFORT, KY.

THO. B. STEVENSON :::::::::::::::: :::: Editor.

MONDAY..................................JANUARY 19, 1846.

The public printer says the Herald, in speaking of the public printing, "spoke upon a public subject, as freemen had a right to do." We admit this, though we do not admit that the Herald had a right to ascribe sinister motives to us for doing the same thing. *Yeoman.*

The Herald certainly had, to say the least, as good right to ascribe sinister motives to the Yeoman, as the latter had to insinuate that we made illegal charges for printing, or to charge the former with toadyism, when the Yeoman knew that the insinuations and charges were not true.

We know no good reason why a public officer's conduct should not be investigated during the sitting of the Legislature as well as at any other time. We find the political friends of the present public printer in Congress investigating the conduct of the public printer of the United States with great zeal—assailing him on all occasions and trying by every means to lessen his profits. Indeed we find that the Congressional printer's own political friends have reduced his prices, or have brought forward a resolution to do so in the Senate, which we doubt not will be adopted, and we find the representative from this district taking the lead in these investigations.—*Yeoman.*

Our conduct has always been a fair subject of fair investigation, and it has been investigated by our desire every year, as we hope it will be again this year. And we have no apprehension that a scrutiny now will result any more to our disadvantage than did those instituted heretofore.

We did not say, directly or indirectly, as the Yeoman endeavors obliquely to imply, that an investigation during the session would be indelicate; but on the contrary, that we both courted and defied investigation. We said, (what the Yeoman could not possibly, except wilfully, misunderstand,) that we did not think it delicate, on *our* part, to endeavor to influence opinions, *pro* or *con*, pending an investigation, and that we cared not how much *others* might attempt it. And we now add, that we care less for such attempts by the Yeoman, than for similar ones from any other source whatever, satisfied as we are, that those sought to be influenced thereby, understand the *quo animo* quite as well as we.

But the Yeoman now for the first time, refers to the Congressional printing. He well knows that the rates allowed by Congress are much higher than those paid by Kentucky; yet he makes no outcry against Blair & Rives, or Ritchie & Heiss, who receive more in one year than the Public Printer of Kentucky receives in fifteen or twenty years. Ah! but we are told Congress is likely to reduce the rates! *Nous verrons*—we shall see. We have seen something about the proposed reduction; and we now pledge ourselves, should the Legislature of Kentucky be pleased to order that the compensation of the Public Printer shall hereafter be the same allowed by Congress, by the rates to be prescribed during the present session of Congress, to Ritchie & Heiss, to abide by the order, although the amount of work by the latter is probably forty times more per annum than we enjoy. Knowing that the Democrats always allow their faithful officers full and fair compensation, we hazard little loss, should we be re-elected, by making this pledge.

The Yeoman endeavors to produce the impression that we have charged *three* times for the same printing, though *he knows* the insinuation *is false*. We repeat again, for the twentieth time, that we have never charged any order but once, and that we have never made any charge except in strict accordance with law. And now, to refute these malicious and wilfully unjust imputations, we produce the following from an editorial of the Yeoman, when we compelled him to retract similar charges, though he did with a very bad grace. But here is the testimony of the Yeoman itself, that our charges were *in accordance with law*, though he couples with the confession a gross calumny upon the majority of the Legislature:

From the Yeoman, March 14 1845.

"We did not reproach the Printer for charging "in this way, because *we knew* his party Legislature "*not only knew it*, but INTENDED *it should* be so.—"We knew it was a bonus to his press for any dir-"ty work they might claim at his hands. We at-"tach more blame to his party, therefore, than we "do to him, both being blameable enough."

Let it be remembered that this confession of the Yeoman man was forced out of him by our triumphant refutation of the very same charges against us which he now renews, and no one can be at a loss to estimate the worth and the motive of the author. We disdain to defend the Whig party of the Legislature against the infamous calumny uttered above. They need no defence at our hands. There never has been a year when our claims have not been sanctioned by the Democrats as well as the Whigs.

MICHIGAN.—Complete returns of the census show a population of 304,285—a gain in five years of 92,018.

☞We are requested by one of the publishers to state that "*Morehead's Practice*" will be issued from the press in ten days or two weeks, and will be found on sale, wholesale and retail, at Todd's Bookstore.

For the Daily Commonwealth.

MR. EDITOR: On Friday last I visited an interesting and highly entertaining examination of Mrs. RUNYON's scholars. Geography, Arithmetic, History, Astronomy, Natural and Moral Philosophy, "Biblical Questions," &c., were thoroughly and satisfactorily reviewed.

'Twas delightful to see little girls of six or seven years of age, answer with promptness so many difficult questions—difficult for girls of their age.

Many well executed drawings were exhibited, which evidenced not only that Mrs. R. was a competent teacher of the art, but that those who executed them, were possessed of a lively imagination. Several well written compositions were read, which attracted marked attention; among them was one by Miss S******, one by Miss A****, one by Miss R********, &c.

Moral as well as mental culture appears to be an anxious endeaver of Mrs. R. The public examination of her scholars has shown her to be a capable and experienced teacher of the young female.

Gratifying is it to see female education receiving that care, and assuming that stand which its importance demands. A VISITER.

For the Commonwealth.

MR. STEVENSON:—

I am pleased to see that in your columns you sometimes mingle literary with political discussions. In a late number of your daily paper, I observe a specimen of the *poetry* of Goethe; I will ask you to give insertion to one of his *prose*. Let us take it from 'Wilhelm Meister's Apprenticeship,' of which there is an admirable English translation by Thomas Carlyle. This work is called a novel for want of a suitable English descriptive name, but it differs widely from the common notion of a novel. The slender narrative which runs through it is merely a frame upon which the author works criticisms on art, philosophical disquisitions, and researches into the deeper mysteries of our spiritual nature. It is a history of the gradual development of man's faculties and endowments: a panorama of human life—its joys and sorrows—its mingled good and evil: it passes in review before us specimens of all the classes of mankind. Like every masterpiece of genius, 'Wilhelm Meister' cannot be fully relished or understood until after repeated perusals; those passages which at first may appear trifling or absurd, will be found, on a more careful examination, to cover profound thought. In the first book—for instance—under the guise of Wilhelm's childish reminiscences of his attempts to perform plays with puppets, Goethe seems to have allegorized the origin and growth of the drama in the infancy of the human race. It was from the Mignon of this novel that Scott—who was in the habit of stealing every good thing he could lay hands on—copied his Fenella in 'Peveril of the Peak.'

Let us open the volume at random:—we have lighted on the eulogy of Commerce: Wilhelm, the hero of the novel, is destined by his father—a wealthy merchant—for his own vocation; but the imaginative youth despises Trade, and in a friendly contention with the calm sensible Werner, who has adopted merchandizing from choice, Wilhelm gives a glowing description of the grandeur of the Poet's calling: Werner utters in reply the following eulogy on Commerce. The readers of the Commonwealth who may have fancied that vending goods is a dreary occupation, will be surprised to find how much poetry there really is in percussion caps and Ladies' bonnets, in raw cotton and raw hides, in silks and satins, in turpentine and tea-cups, in mitts, mackarel, mouse-traps and muslin-de-laine.

"Well, here is *The Youth at the parting of the Ways;* it has just come into my hand," said Wilhelm, drawing out a bunch of papers from the rest; "this at least is finished, whatever else it may be."

"Away with it, to the fire with it," cried Werner. "The invention does not deserve the smallest praise: that affair has plagued me enough already, and drawn upon yourself your father's wrath. The verses may be altogether beautiful; but the meaning of them is fundamentally false. I still recollect your Commerce personified; a shrivelled, wretched-looking sybil she was. I suppose you picked up the image of her from some miserable huckster's shop. At that time you had no true idea at all of trade; whilst I could not think of any man whose spirit was, or needed to be, more enlarged than the spirit of a genuine merchant. What a thing is it to see the order which prevails throughout his business! By means of this he can at any time survey the general whole, without needing to perplex himself in the details. What advantages does he derive from the system of book-keeping by double entry! It is among the finest inventions of the human mind; every prudent master of a house should introduce it into his economy."

"Pardon me," said Wilhelm, smiling; "you begin by the form, as if it were the matter: you traders commonly, in your additions and balancings, forget what is the proper net result of life."

"My good friend, you do not see how form and matter are in this case one; how neither can exist without the other. Order and arrangement increase the desire to save and get. A man embarrassed in his circumstances, and conducting them imprudently, likes best to continue in the dark; he will not gladly reckon up the debtor entries he is charged with. But on the other hand, there is nothing to a prudent manager more pleasant than daily to set before himself the sums of his growing fortune. Even a mischance, if it surprise and vex, will not affright him; for he knows at once what gains he has acquired to cast into the other scale. I am convinced, my friend, that if you once had a proper taste for our employments, you would grant that many faculties of the mind are called into full and vigorous play by them."

"Possibly this journey I am thinking of may bring me to other thoughts."

"O, certainly. Believe me, you want but to look upon some great scene of activity to make you ours forever; and when you come back, you will joyfully enrol yourself among that class of men whose art it is to draw towards themselves a portion of the money, and materials of enjoyment, which circulate in their appointed course through the world. Cast a look on the natural and artificial productions of all the regions of the earth; consider how they have become, one here, another there, articles of necessity for men. How pleasant and how intellectual a task is it to calculate, at any moment, what is most required, and yet is wanting, or hard to find; to procure for each easily and soon what he demands; to lay in your stock prudently beforehand, and then to enjoy the profit of every pulse in that mighty circulation. This, it appears to me, is what no man that has a head can attend to without pleasure."

Wilhelm seemed to acquiesce, and Werner continued.

"Do but visit one or two great trading-towns, one or two seaports, and see if you can withstand the impression. When you observe how many men are busied, whence so many things have come, and whither they are going, you will feel as if you too could gladly mingle in the business. You will then see the smallest piece of ware in its connexion with the whole mercantile concern; and for that very reason you will reckon nothing paltry, because every thing augments the circulation by which you yourself are supported."

* * * * * *

"The great ones of the world," continued Werner, "have taken this earth of ours to themselves; they live in the midst of splendor and superfluity. The smallest nook of the land is already a possession; none may touch it or meddle with it: offices and civic callings bring in little profit; where then will you find more honest acquisitions, juster conquests than those of trade? If the princes of this world hold the rivers, the high-ways, the havens in their power, and take a heavy tribute from every thing that passes through them, may not we embrace with joy the opportunity of levying tax and toll, by *our* activity, on those commodities which the real or imaginary wants of men have rendered indispensable? I can promise you, if you would rightly apply your poetic views, my goddess might be represented as an invincible, victorious queen, and boldly opposed to yours. It is true, she bears the olive rather than the sword; dagger or chain she knows not; but, she too, gives crowns to her favorites; which, without offence to yours be it said, are of true gold from the furnace and the mine, and glance with genuine pearls, which she brings up from the depths of the ocean, by the hands of her unwearied servants."

* * * * * * *

"And for you," exclaimed Werner, "who take so warm an interest in human concerns, what a sight will it be to behold the fortune which accompanies bold undertakings distributed to men before your eyes. What is more spirit-stirring than the aspect of a ship arriving from a lucky voyage, or soon returning with a rich capture? Not alone the relatives, the acquaintances, and those that share with the adventurers, but every unconcerned spectator also is excited, when he sees the joy with which the long-imprisoned shipman springs on land before his keel has wholly reached it, feeling that he is free once more, and now can trust what he has rescued from the false sea to the firm and faithful earth. It is not, my friend, in figures of arithmetic alone that gain presents itself before us: fortune is the goddess of breathing men; to feel her favors truly, we must live and be men who toil with their living minds and bodies, and enjoy with them also."

ALLISON OWEN,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN CHOICE WINES, TEAS, FRUITS, Spices, and fancy Groceries,
NO. 32, COLUMBIA STREET,
CINCINNATI.

THE following articles comprise a portion of his present assortment, and will be sold low for cash:

Teas—The choicest varieties of Black and Green, in canisters, boxes, chests, and half chests.

Coffee—The very best quality of Mocha and Old Government Java.

Sugars—Woolsey and Woolsey's Loaf, Powdered and Crushed.

Wines—Madeira, Sherry, Port, Claret, Champaigne, Honkheimer, Johannesberger, Sparkling Hock, Muscat, L. P. Teneriffe, Sicily, Sweet, Malaga, French White Wine, &c. Some of these Wines are very old and very choice.

Brandies—Godard and Martel of '1805,' Sazerac of '1808,' Otard, Dupuy & Co., London Dock, of '1825,' Maglory of '1825,' Henuessy of '1827,' White Brandy, Pinet, Castillion & Co., Seignette and Bellevoison, &c. These Brandies are all of the highest grades and perfectly pure.

ALSO, Holland Gin, Jamaica and St. Croix Rum, superior Old Scotch and Irish Whisky, Old Bourbon and Monongahela Whisky, very fine old Gin, imported in jugs and casks.

Cordials—Anisette, Maraschino, Curocoa, Swiss, Absynthe, Kirsawasser, assorted Bordeau Cordials, with a great variety of assorted Cordials from France, Italy, Martinique, &c.

Superior Malt Liquors—East India Ale and London Brown Stout. The celebrated Burton Ale; also, Dove's Falkirk Ale and Tenant's Scotch Ale; also, Poughkeepsie and Philadelphia Ale.

Cigars—An invoice of very superior Spanish Cigars, compris ing the choicest brands imported.

—ALSO—

Congress Water, direct from the springs at Saratoga;
Seltzer Water from Germany;
Sperm Candles; Lynch's Sperm Oil;
A great variety of rich English Sauces;
Homœpathic and Sweet Chocolate; Cocoa;
Cocoa Paste; Raisins; Currants; Citrons;
A complete assortment of Nuts;
Fresh Prunes, in glass jars and fancy boxes;
English Dairy and Pine Apple Cheese; Sap Sago, do.;
An assortment of Pickles, Preserves, and Brandy Fruits;
Pure ground Spices of all kinds;
Superfine Mustard; French and concentrated do.;
English do. Cayenne; fine Table Salt;
Cassia; Nutmegs; Canton Ginger;
Mushroom, Walnut and Tomato Catsups;
Currie Powder; Orange and Lemon Shrub;
Pine Apple, Ginger, Orgeat, Lemon, Raspberry and Sarsaparilla Syrups;
Roussell's celebrated Shaving Cream;
Spanish and French Olives; Capres;
White Wine Vinegar; Rose Water;
Syrup of Roses; Bay Water; Anchovies;
Anchovy Paste; Sardines; Orange Flower Water;
Peach Water; Extract of Lemon;
Westphalia Hams; Almond Soap; Macaroni;
Vermacilla; Fire Crackers; W. I. Pepper Sauce;
Floor Mats;
'*Yankee Vegetables*,' such as Fresh Lobsters, Salmon, Shad, Mackerel, &c., put up in tin canisters and hermetically sealed.
Dr. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters;
Dr. Stoughton's genuine Elixir;
Whisk Brooms, Wooden Ware, Demijohns, &c. &c.

January 17, 1846

DODD'S

FASHIONABLE HAT STORE,

144 Main Street,

THREE DOORS BELOW FOURTH STREET,

CINCINNATI.

The Hat is acknowledged to be an important part of dress; therefore it becomes interesting to learn where a genteel, well made article can be procured. I invite the citizens of Frankfort, and its vicinity, who may visit Cincinnati, to call and examine the quality, style and finish of my hats; feeling confident that I can give satisfaction.

Wm. Dodd.

January 12, 1846.

WM M. TODD,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
NO. 1, SWIGERT'S ROW,
FRANKFORT, KY.,

OFFERS to the public a valuable lot of BOOKS, which he will sell at reasonable prices, and respectfully invites those desirous of purchasing, to give him a call. Among his stock may be found, of

LAW.

Durnford & East's Reports,	Peters' Digest,
East's Reports,	Digest N. Y. Reports,
Howard's Reports,	Wheeler's Amer. Chy. Digest,
Greenleaf on Evidence,	Chitty's Blackstone,
Greenleaf's Overruled Cases,	Chitty on Contracts,
Starkie on Slander,	Chitty's Pleading,
Smith's Chancery Practice,	Chitty on Bills,
Roberts on Frauds,	Williams on Executors,
Jones on Bailments,	Angel & Ames on Corporations,
Pothier on Obligations,	Walker's Amer. Law,
Adams on Ejectment,	Gilmer's Digest,
Story on Promissory Notes,	McLean's Reports,
Story on Bailments,	Balantine on Limitations,
Story on Agency,	Cooper's Justinian,
Story's Equity Pleadings,	Stephen on Pleading,
Story's Equity Jurisprudence,	Mitford's Pleading,
Story's Conflict of Laws,	Clancy on Rights,
Tollers' Law of Executors,	Selwyn's Nisi Prius.
Thomas' Coke,	

ALSO—MOREHEAD & BROWN and LOUGHBOROUGH'S DIGEST.

HISTORICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Hume, Smollett & Miller's Eng.	H. More's Works,
Alison's Europe,	Webster's 8 vo. Dictionary,
Guizot's Gibbons Rome,	Walker's Dictionary,
Cooper's Naval History,	American Orchardist,
De Tocqueville's Dem. in Amer.	Beatty on Agriculture,
Murphy's Tacitus,	New Amer. Gardener,
Plutarch's Lives,	Complete Farmer,
Rollin's Ancient History,	Ladies' Comp. Flower Garden,
Josephus,	Mason & Hind's Farrier,
Gizot's History of Civilization,	Say's Political Economy,
Mrs. Ellis' Prose Works,	Jefferson's Manual,
Webster's Speeches,	Life of Washington,
Stern's Works,	Sim's Life of Marion,
Tatler and Guardian,	Life of Jackson,
Thiers' French Revolution,	American Constitutions,
Goldsmith's Animated Nature,	Dictionary of Quotations,
The Federalist,	Wayland's Political Economy,

Together with many others to numerous to insert in an advertisement.

POETICAL.

Byron's Works,	Scott's Poems,
Shakspeare's Works,	Milton's do
Poets and Poetry of America,	Campbell's do
Heman's Poems,	Ossian's do
Landon's do	Collins, Gray & Beattie,
Amelia's do	Goldsmith's Poems, Plays, &c.
Burns' do	Dante's Vision,
Cowper's do	Eliza Cook's Poems.

RELIGIOUS.

Jew's Letter to Voltaire,	Scott's Commentary,
Davies' Sermons,	Newman's Sermons,
Buck's Religious Anecdotes,	Boardman on Apos. Success'n,
Smyth & Ecles' Republicanism,	Mason on Episcopacy,
Hist. of Westminster Assembly,	Alexander's Evidences,
Christian Citizen,	Buck's Notes,
Chalmer's Sermons,	Barne's Notes,
Difficulties of Romanism,	Butler's Analogy.

CLASSICAL AND SCHOOL.

Anthon's Classical Dictionary,	Anthon's Horace,
Lempier's do	Anthon's Cæsar,
Anthon's Grk. & Roman Antiq.	Anthon's Sallust,
Leverett's Latin Lexicon,	Anthon's Latin Lessons,
Ainsworth's do	Donegan's Greek Lexicon,
Latin Grammars,	Groves' Greek Lexicon,
Latin Readers,	Greek Grammar,
Anthon's Virgil,	Greek Readers.

☞ ALSO, Geographies, Grammars, Histories, Arithmetics, School Readers, &c., by various authors.

January 1, 1846.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, WALL PAPER, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c.

CHARLES MARSHALL,
(SUCCESSOR TO A. T. SKILLMAN, LEXINGTON, KY.)

WOULD call attention to his stock of Law, Medical, Theological, School, and Miscellaneous Books, as being one of the most extensive in the Western country, and which he offers as low, if not lower, than any other house in the West.

His MISCELLANEOUS STOCK comprises a very large assortment of the Standard Literature, as well as nearly every work which has issued from the press during the past year.

The MEDICAL STOCK is very complete—comprising nearly every American Work, including many new and valuable Illustrated Works in Surgery, Anatomy, Pathology and Obstetrics, as well as the great Encyclopedia of the Practice of Medicine; 4 vols. 8 vo.

The LAW STOCK, besides all those works used as Text Books in the Law School of Transylvania University, embraces several new and valuable works which have recently been issued at *very reduced prices*, as East's Reports, Vesay's Reports, Peter's Reports, and the Exchequer Reports.

Subscriptions received for the Law Library, the New Law Library, and the Law Magazine.

In THEOLOGY, will be found many of the Standard Works.

The SCHOOL STOCK embraces all those Books used in the various Schools throughout the State.

All the current Literature of the day received by express, as soon as published.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS—a large assortment, comprising, Violins, Guitars, Flutes, Fifes, Accordions, Bass Viols, Violin and Guitar Strings, &c.

In STATIONERY will be found a large assortment of Writing and Letter Papers, Steel Pens, Inks, Quills, Sealing Wax, &c.; as well as a full assortment of FANCY STATIONERY, such as Note Paper, Envelopes, Motto Seals, Motto and other Wafers, Penknives, Scissors, Albums, &c. &c.; Ladies' Rosewood and other Writing Desks and Work Boxes; Globes 6 and 12 inch.

BLANK BOOKS of various qualities.

C. M. would call particular attention to his stock of WALL PAPER, which includes several new and beautiful patterns, which he offers as low as the same quality of Goods can be purchased for in any city West of the mountains.

Those persons who are unable to visit Lexington, and who entrusts their commissions to C. M., may depend upon having them executed with the same fidelity that they could were they present *A liberal discount to country Merchants, Teachers, &c.*

For sale cheap, a complete set of NILES' WEEKLY REGISTER, (a subscriber's copy) 51 vols. strongly bound.

January 1, 1846

CHARLES S. BODLEY & Co.,

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,
MAIN STREET, LEXINGTON, KY.,

KEEP constantly on hand, a large collection of LAW, MEDICAL, THEOLOGICAL, MISCELLANEOUS, and SCHOOL BOOKS; together with a beautiful assortment of STATIONERY, such as is usually kept in Bookstores—which they will sell as low, and upon as accommodating terms as at any other House in the West. They request all persons desirous of purchasing articles in their line of business, to give them a call and examine ARTICLES and PRICES. January 1, 1846

OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH.

J. F. WARREN is permanently located in this place, and is prepared to perform all operations in the DENTAL ART, after the latest and most approved method. ☞ Office opposite Meeks' Jewelry Store, Main street, between Mansion and Weisiger Houses. Frankfort, Jan. 13, 1846.

LEXINGTON, Oct. 28, 1845.

The undersigned takes pleasure in saying, that Dr. J. F. Warren has been through a thorough course of instruction in theoretical and practical Dentistry—has had several years of successful practice, and would recommend him to the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity, as being eminently qualified to perform all operations in Dental Surgery. W. D. STONE, *Dentist.*

THE BRUEN HOUSE,

(FORMERLY DUDLEY HOUSE)

IS now kept by OWEN W. GRIMES, in a better and cheaper manner than any Hotel was ever kept before, in the City of LEXINGTON, KY.

Meals, each,	25c.
Lodging,	25
Board, per day,	$1 00
Fire,	25

☞ I request Travelers and Ladies to call and stay with me at least *once*. January 9, 1846.

FOR SALE,

A NEGRO WOMAN, a first rate house servant, 23 or 24 years of age, with two children. Enquire at this office.
January 7, 1846. B.

JAMES H. REYNOLDS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,
NO. 45, WALL STREET,
LOUISVILLE.

GOODS SHIPPED to my care should be so marked.
January 1, 1846

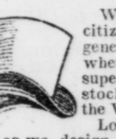
WALLACE & LITHGOW,

NO. 530, MAIN, NEAR PEARL STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.
MANUFACTURERS OF

COPPER, Tin, Sheet Iron Ware, and dealers in Tin Plate, Copper, Sheet Iron, Block Tin, Zinc, Rivets, Tinner's Machines, &c. &c. January 1, 1846

LOOK! LOOK!!—NEW HAT STORE.

J. G. Praigg & Co.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Hats & Caps,
453, MAIN STEET, BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,



WOULD respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Louisville and the traveling public generally, to their splendid new store, No. 453, where will be found one of the largest and most superbly manufactured and elegantly assorted stock of HATS AND CAPS ever before seen in the West.

Louisville has long wanted such an establishment as we design making ours. We have the ability and we now have the *room necessary* to carry out our improvements in the business, and it shall be a house where Gentlemen can always rely upon getting the very finest article, with the shape and style most suitable to their person, &c. In a word, our aim is to make this such an establishment as shall merit the patronage, and at the same time gratify and please the customer.

January 1, 1846

Cincinnati and Louisville.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the style of Desilver & Burr, is dissolved this day, by mutual consent.

The business will be continued as usual, by J. F. Desilver, who is authorized to settle the business of the firm.

J. F. DESILVER,
Cincinnati, January 1, 1846. J. S. BURR.

J. F. DESILVER,

112, MAIN STREET, (GAZETTE BUILDINGS,) CINCINNATI.

AGENT for the following valuable School Books, which he will supply at publishers' prices, in any quantity, viz:

Mitchell's Geography and Atlas,
Mitchell's Ancient Geography and Atlas,
Mitchell's Primary Geography,
Mitchell's Geographical Reader,
Frost's History of the United States,
Frost's American Speaker,
Goldsmith's History of England,
Goldsmith's History of Greece,
Goldsmith's History of Rome,
Simson's Euclid,
Guy's Astronomy and Keith on the Globes,
Ross's Latin Grammar,
Ruddiman's Rudiments,
Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary,
Clark's Cæsar,
Goldsmith's Natural History,
Wirt's Life of Patrick Henry,
Johnson's Chemistry.

OUTLINES OF HISTORY, FOR SCHOOLS.

The following series of Histories have been recently published in this country, and adopted into a large number of Schools in the east and in this city. The number of editions that have been published in London, is a sufficient guarantee of their merit; and we would respectfully call the attention of teachers and others interested in the cause of Education thereto.

Outlines of American History, from the first discovery to the present time, for Families and Schools, with numerous Engravings and Questions for examination of Pupils.

Outlines of History of England, for Families and Schools, with numerous engravings, published under the direction of the Committee of General Literature and Education, appointed by the Society for promoting Christian Knowledge, from the fourteenth London edition, with additions and questions.

Outlines of Roman History, do do from the 9th London edition, with additions and questions.

Outlines of Grecian History, do do

Constantly on hand, Miscellaneous Works for general or scientific reading.

Theological Books, adapted to the wants of almost every religious denomination; embracing several editions of the Holy Bible, Protestant and Catholic Prayer Books, Family Prayers, Presbyterian Psalms and Hymns, Confessions of Faith, Methodist Hymns, &c.

The usual assortment of Medical Books, including the Text Books of the different Medical Colleges, used throughout the West, all of the latest editions.

School Books in general use, from the Primer to the highest class of Mathematics.

Such Works as may be called for not on hand, if desired, will be forthwith sent for, from the respective publishers.

English, German and French Books imported to order. Particular attention given to furnishing public and private libraries. Stock of Stationery comprising whatever is in daily use, such as Letter and Writing Paper, Quills, Steel Pens, Sealing Wax, Wafers, Inkstands, Lead Pencils, Slates, &c. These Goods have all been selected from the most approved manufactures, and such additions are made as the consumers may from time to time require.

Legal Publications—Separate volumes or complete setts of all the *Reports*, ancient and modern, together with a general assortment, which will be sold at a *small advance* upon the publishers' prices. January 1, 1846.

IRWIN & FOSTER,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
CINCINNATI, OHIO

WILL make liberal cash advances on Hemp, Tobacco, Feathers and Ginseng, consigned to their friends in New York and Philadelphia. During the low water in the Ohio, heavy freights can be shipped to New York by way of the Miami Canal and the Lakes at low rates. For further information apply to
January 1, 1846. A. Z. BOYER, *Frankfort, Ky.*

RAWDON WRIGHT & HATCH,

BANK NOTE ENGRAVERS,
CORNER OF FOURTH & MAIN STREETS, CINCINNATI.

ALSO, Bonds, Bills of Exchange, Checks, Drafts, Promissory Notes, Seals, Cards, &c., executed. January 1, 1846

BAILEY & HARTWELL,

WHOLESALE GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 47, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.
January 1, 1846

TAYLOR & ELLIS,

NO. 23, PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO,

THE attention of Merchants from Kentucky is invited to our stock of DRY GOODS at wholesale. January 1, 1846

MRS. N. ZAZIO,

WEST SIDE FOURTH, BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET ST., LOUISVILLE,
CONFECTIONER.

KEEPS constantly on hand, a large and general assortment of CANDIES and other CONFECTIONERIES, Cakes, Cordials, Preserves, &c. &c. ☞ Weddings and Parties supplied with Cakes, &c., at the shortest notice. January 1. 1846

PIATT & BUCKLIN,

WHOLESALE CASH DEALERS IN BOOTS AND SHOES, ON COMMISSION,
455, MAIN STREET, FIVE DOORS EAST OF FIFTH,
Louisville, Ky.

A LARGE stock of every description kept constantly on hand, by the receipt of regular supplies from eastern manufacturers, which they will sell at eastern prices, by the package, with carriage added. January 1, 1846

GEO. G. FETTER & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, PRODUCE, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

REFERENCES:—Lonsdale & Gray, New Orleans; W. P. Holloway & Co., Grand Gulf, Miss.; Hobart & Richardson, Cincinnati; Thompson & Campbell, Cincinnati; G. Jacob, Wheeling; Joshua Hanna, Pittsburg; Elder, Gelson & Co., Baltimore; G. E. H. Gray, St. Louis. January 1, 1846

BOOKS, PAPER & STATIONERY.

NO. 532, MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.,
JAMES MAXWELL, Jr.,

HAS for sale, a large stock of Paper, Books, and Stationery, all of which are offered at a small advance on cost. Country Merchants, Librarians, and other persons who desire to purchase Books, &c., will find it to their advantage to examine my extensive stock of Goods. The catalogue of Medical Books is very complete, and offered at low prices.

A large stock of the following School Readers, will always be found in store:

The ECLECTIC READERS, by McGuffy;
The COMPREHENSIVE READERS, by Goodrich;
Sanders' SCHOOL READERS.
Also, Olney's, Mitchell's, Smith's, Morse's, Parley's, and Woodbridge's GEOGRAPHIES.
Adams', Colburn's, Davies', Emerson's, Pike's, Ray's, Smith's, Smiley's and Talbot's ARITHMETICS.
Butler's, Comly's, Bullian's, Kirkham and Smith's GRAMMARS; together with all the approved School Books in use.
Also, a good stock of the leading LAW BOOKS.
Ruled and Plain Cap and Letter Paper, and Stationery of every description. January 1, 1846

EMIGRATION TO THE RED RIVER AND TRINITY COLONY, TEXAS.

THE parties to the contract made by the Government of Texas, under the special acts and authority of Congress, passed February 4th, 1841, and January 16th, 1843, with Peters and others, for the purpose of Colonizing a portion of the vacant and unappropriated lands of the Republic, having formed themselves into an association called "The Texan Emigration and Land Company," appointed the undersigned as trustees, and vested in them full power and authority to carry out and fulfil the objects and intentions of the parties thereto. We would, therefore, respectfully give notice to those who may wish to avail themselves of the liberal terms and conditions now offered by the Company, to settlers in their Colony, that we now have at the settlement, at the forks of the Trinity River, a permanent resident Agent, Mr. Charles S. Hensley, an intelligent and competent gentleman, who will at all times be prepared to receive and locate to their satisfaction, without delay, all who may go there to settle.

To all emigrants who shall go on to the grant and settle in the Colony, on or before the 1st day of July, 1846, the Company will give to each and every family 320 acres of land, and to each and every single man over the age of seventeen years 160 acres of land, to be selected by themselves, upon paying to our agent, for the cost of the surveys of the lands upon which they shall settle, at the rate of $16 for each family, and $8 for each single man, and the actual expense of the deeds and the record thereof, and, if the parties are without money, a note will be taken, bearing interest.

By a family is to be understood a man and his wife, with or without children, a widow or widower, with two or more children under the age of seventeen years, or two men over the age of seventeen years—males over the age of seventeen years, shall each be entitled to 160 acres of land in their own right, beside the 320 acres given to the family of which they are members.

Our Agent, Mr. Hensley, who was raised in the richest part of Kentucky, says of the country: "This is the most magnificent country my eyes ever beheld, for richness of soil, water, climate, and all other advantages." Mr. Mathewson, also, who is an educated Scotch gentleman of high standing and intelligence, whom we sent there as a surveyor, confirms the statement of Mr. Hensley, and in a letter to us of June 5, 1845, in speaking of the unsurpassed beauty of the prairies, uses the following language: "The prairies, these gardens of the world, for which the speech of England has no name, beautifully interspersed with groves of timber, and still more beautifully adorned with flowers of every color, and every shade of color, surpassing the skill of the painter and the imagination of the poet, would make a person almost believe, were it not for the absence of the Houris, that he was transplanted into Mahomed's paradise."

All communications, post paid, addressed to the undersigned, trustees, at Louisville, Ky., or to either of them, on business of the Company, shall meet with prompt attention.

WILLIS STEWART,
JOHN J. SMITH,
WM. C. PETERS,
Trustees of the Texan Emigration and Land Co.

Louisville, January 1, 1846

Miscellaneous.

THE MAILS.

WESTERN MAIL—*via Louisville, Ky.*; arrives daily at 1 P. M., departs daily at 9, A. M.

EASTERN MAIL—*via Lexington, Ky.*; arrives daily at 8½, A. M., departs daily at 2, P. M.

GEORGETOWN MAIL—arrives daily at 8, A. M., departs daily at 2, P. M.

VERSAILLES MAIL—arrives Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 8 A. M., departs Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 2, P. M.

SOUTHERN MAIL—*via Harrodsburg, Ky.*; arrives Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 1, P. M., departs Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 9, A. M.

CARROLTON MAIL—*via Kentucky River, in Boats;* arrives Sundays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 9, A. M., departs Sundays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 9, A. M.

OWENTON AND NEW CASTLE MAILS—*by River, in Boats;* arrives Sundays and Thursdays, with Carrolton Mail, at 9, A. M., departs Tuesdays and Fridays, with Carrolton Mail, at 9, A. M.

LETTERS intended for the Western, Southern, Carrolton, Owenton and New Castle Mails, must be placed in the office by 7½ o'clock and on the days of departure.

LETTERS intended for the Eastern, Georgetown, and Versailles Mails, must be in by 12 M., on the days of departure.

NORTHERN BRANCH BANK,

AT LOUISVILLE.

CHAPMAN COLEMAN—PRESIDENT.
WILLIAM RICHARDSON—CASHIER.
W. B. CLIFTON,
E. G. McGINNIS,
H. PIRTLE,
E. H. LEWIS,
A. R. BUCHANAN,
WILLIS RANNEY, } DIRECTORS.

Discount Days—Mondays and Thursdays.

BANK OF LOUISVILLE.

JOSHUA B. BOWLES—PRESIDENT.
ALFRED THRUSTON—CASHIER.
WM. W WORSLEY,
THOMAS S. SNEAD,
WM. GAY,
MICHAEL CODY,
MATTHEW FERGUSON,
THOMAS T. SHREVE, } DIRECTORS.

Discount Days—Wednesdays and Saturdays.

BRANCH BANK OF KENTUCKY,

AT FRANKFORT.

THO. N. LINDSEY—PRESIDENT.
E. H. TAYLOR—CASHIER.
R. P. LETCHER,
A. S. PARKER,
A. W. DUDLEY,
DAVID THORNTON,
JACOB SWIGERT, } DIRECTORS.

Discount Day—Every Tuesday at 3 o'clock, P. M.

NORTHERN BANK OF KENTUCKY,

AT LEXINGTON.

JOHN TILFORD—PRESIDENT.
M. T. SCOTT—CASHIER.

DIRECTORS.

HENRY T. DUNCAN,
MADISON C. JOHNSON, } *On the part of the State.*
BENJAMIN GRATZ,
FRANCIS K. HUNT,
RICHARD HIGGINS,
ABRAHAM T. SKILLMAN,
EDWARD MACALESTER,
JAMES W. COCHRAN, } *On the part of Stockholders.*

Discount Day—Tuesday at 3 o'clock, P. M.

BANK OF KENTUCKY,

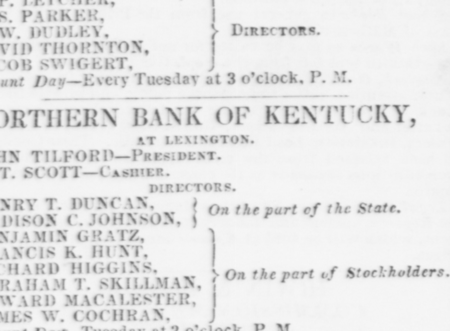
AT LOUISVILLE.

VIRGIL McKNIGHT—PRESIDENT.
GEO. C. GWATHMEY—CASHIER.
THOMAS SMITH,
D. L. BEATTY,
U. E. EWING,
THO. ANDERSON,
L. L. SHREVE,
P. R. GRAY,
JAMES TRABUE, } DIRECTORS.

Discount Days—Tuesdays and Fridays.

JANUARY 1st, 1846.

Madison Coach and Harness



MANUFACTORY,

WITH new arrangements, new advantages, new patterns and styles of work, with new and fresh supplies of stock, with workmen improved by more experience and practice, with more system, and still more anxious desires to please all who will favor me with a call. I acknowledge all past favors, and with a correct sense of my obligations to my numerous friends and patrons, I return my sincere thanks to all.

To any person or families wanting, I will say I am prepared to build to order, the best Private or Clarence Coaches, Chariots, Landeaus, Chariotees, six, four, and two passenger Rockaways, Barouches, Phætons, Buggies and Harness.

☞ No exertions spared to please in every respect.

May 20, 1845—658–by

For references and specimens of work, refer to

Messrs. J. F. D. Lanier, J. & C. Woodburn, M. G. & J. D. Bright, J. G. Marshall, and G. D. Fitzhue—*Madison, Ind.*

Gov. Owsley, Gen. Peter Dudley, and Mr. Jeptha Dudley—*Frankfort, Ky.*

Messrs. Thomas Smith, N. Gist, and J. P. Force—*Henry county, Ky.*

Dr. Parker, and Shelby Todd, Esq.—*Shelby county, Ky.*

Messrs. John McLane, and B. F. Baker—*Jefferson co. Ky.*

Majors James Taylor and Geo. Thompson—*Mercer co. Ky.*

Dr. Craig and Mr. N. Gill—*Boyle co. Ky.*

Capt. S. Berry, and Mr. Wm. Graddy—*Woodford co. Ky.*

Drs. Desha and Gano, and Mr. F. Payne—*Scott co. Ky.*

Mr. J. W. Hunt, Maj. James Tilford and F. K. Hunt, Esq—*Fayette co. Ky.*

Dr. Ingles and Mr. John King—*Bourbon co. Ky.*

Judge Simpson, Col. S. Jackson—*Clark co. Ky.*

Messrs. Wm. Clarke and J. Turpin—*Jessamine co. Ky.*; and all others to whom I have sold work—all warranted, and my name to be found on every article.

H. P. NEWELL, *Madison, Ind.*

☞ WANTED, 20,000 feet of the best Hickory and Ash that grows—sawed through and through—from 1½ up to 5 inches.

☞ Two BUGGIES for sale, very low—apply at Graham's Livery Stable. January 8, 1846—by.

S. WEILER'S

GREAT WESTERN FASHIONABLE CLOTHING STORE,
BROWN'S ROW, NO. 3, BELOW THE COMMONWEALTH OFFICE.
Frankfort, Kentucky.

HERE Fashion has her style arrayed,
Of art and taste combined;
Each gorgeous dress is here displayed,
To suit the varied mind.
Here Coats, and Vests, and Pants you view,
Of texture smooth and fine;
All colored with each rainbow hue,
To deck the form divine:
And Scarfs of every beauteous dye
Artistic skill could trace,
To please the taste, delight the eye,
And twine the neck with grace:
And splendid Cloaks made *a la mode*,
To keep the body warm;
The richest dress which Fashion's code
Has given the manly form.
Our ample stock we purchased low,
And paid the rino down;
And thus can sell for less, we know,
Than any one in town.
Our matchless Goods then call and see,
And buy a splendid suit,
For they shall fit you to a T,
And shall be cheap to boot.
Just try the new GREAT WESTERN stand;
To please shall be our task,
And when we've served with ready hand,
The dimes—that's all we ask.

N. B.—Now let all buyers call and try,
They'll find whate'er they seek,
For WEILER gets a new supply
Of CLOTHING every week.

January 1, 1846

STOVES, GRATES, COPPER, TIN, AND

SHEET IRON WARE MANUFACTORY.

GEORGE W. WALSTON respectfully announces to the citizens of Frankfort, and the public generally, that he has removed his shop on Main street, to the room formerly occupied by Cogle & Gray as a Confectionery Shop, and immediately opposite the Grocery of James Burnes, where he is prepared to execute all orders in his line of business.

Air tight Stoves, Cooking Stoves, Wood and Coal Stoves, of various sizes and patterns, kept constantly on hand, and for sale at prices to suit the times.

GUTTERING DONE ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

☞ All kinds of Copper and Tin work neatly made to order.

☞ Cooking Stoves sold at *Louisville and Cincinnati prices for cash.* August 5, 1845—669–tf

"BY INDUSTRY WE THRIVE."

H. G. BANTA, House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter, Main street, (over Boyer's Store,) Frankfort, Ky. All kinds of imitations of Wood and Marble neatly executed.

January 10, 1846.

GENUINE HOARHOUND TAFFEY.—The best article for Coughs and Colds ever offered for sale here, always on hand at No. 8, St. Clair street, by

January 6, 1846. G. W. LEWIS.

Frankfort Advertisements.

J. S. WITHROW & Co.,

No. 4, SWIGERT'S ROW, ST. CLAIR ST., FRANKFORT, (*Between Mansion House and Capitol,*) DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

January 1, 1846

JAMES MONROE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY,

WILL attend diligently to any business which may be entrusted to him, in any of the Courts held in Frankfort and adjoining Counties. Collections made in any part of the State. Office in Old Bank corner, opposite Mansion House.

January 1, 1846

GEORGE CUNNINGHAM,

SADDLE, TRUNK AND HARNESS MAKER,
(ONE DOOR ABOVE STEALEY'S DRUG STORE,)
MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY,

KEEPS constantly on hand a general assortment of every article in his line of business. His prices are reasonable, and he invites the public to give him a call. January 1, 1846

WAGON MAKING, PLOUGH MAKING, & BLACKSMITHING.

WM. WHITEHEAD,

WOULD inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to execute work in all of the various branches of Wagon Making and Blacksmithing, at the lowest cash prices. He also makes improved Ploughs. He has employed experienced workmen, and warrants his work. His shops are situated on High Street, where he will be pleased to see his friends.

January 1, 1846

TAYLOR & KENNAN'S

REGULAR AUCTION AND COMMISSION STORE,
ST. CLAIR STREET, FRANKFORT,

FOR the sale of DRY GOODS, BOOKS, FURNITURE, &c. &c. Auction sales of Dry Goods regularly every Tuesday and Friday evenings, at half past six o'clock, and at such other times as may be necessary to close consignments.

Goods, &c. sold at private sale at all times, and at reduced prices, for CASH. January 1, 1846

GRAHAM'S LIVERY STABLE,

ANN ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY & MAIN, NEAR THE WEISIGER HOUSE,
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

C. G. GRAHAM,

AT his old and well known stand, is prepared to keep Horses in tip-top style, and at the most moderate prices. First rate Buggies, Hacks, and Barouches constantly on hand for hire. Also, good Riding Horses, well rigged. He gives his personal attention to every thing connected with his Stable, and he *knows* that he is hard to beat in keeping Horses.

January 1, 1846

JOHN D. RAKE,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE MANSION HOUSE,
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends that he is now carrying on the Cabinet Business, in all its various branches. He solicits patronage, and pledges himself to use every exertion to deserve it. Besides, he pledges himself to do better work, and at the same prices, FOR CASH, as is done at Cincinnati or Louisville. If you don't believe this, give him a trial, and the most skeptical shall be convinced. January 1, 1846

BOONE HOUSE.

THOMAS S. CARTER,

HAVING purchased the stock of H. Fox in the "*Frankfort Restaurat,*" on the South West corner of Broadway and Lewis streets, in the town of Frankfort, and added thereto every thing to furnish a complete

COFFEE HOUSE,

has opened the same under the name of the BOONE BOUSE. He will at all times keep on hand a full assortment of choice Liquors, Wines, Ale, Porter, &c. &c. He will conduct a superior Coffee House, in which the lovers of good things will, at all seasons, and at all hours, day or night, be promptly supplied with every delicacy of "Fish, Flesh and Fowl," Venison, Beef Tongues, Birds, Oysters, and in short, every thing usual and unusual in such an establishment. His attention will be constant and unwearied; his terms satisfactory. He therefore hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

N. B. Lunch every day at 11 o'clock. January 1, 1846.

BROADWAY HOTEL.

CORNER OF BRODWAY AND ANN STREETS, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

W. H. KENDALL,

WOULD inform his friends and the public that he is still the Proprietor of this well known tavern stand, and that his Table, Bar and Stables are kept up with the best the market affords. He invites strangers and others to give his house a trial, as he flatters himself that his accommodations are not inferior to either of the other public hotels in the place. January 1, 1846

CONFECTIONERY, FRUIT AND VARIETY STORE,

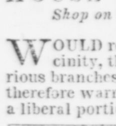
No. 8, St. Clair Street,
FRANKFORT, KY.

GEORGE W. LEWIS, would inform his friends and the public, that he keeps always on hand a general assortment of articles in his line of business—such as Confectionery, Fruits, Nuts, Family Groceries, *best Chewing Tobacco, best Spanish Cigars, of all kinds;* Shaving Soaps, Hair, Tooth, and Cloth Brushes, Combs, Cologne, &c &c.; which he will sell *very low for cash*—call and see. January 1, 1846

JACOB BEAVERSON,

HOUSE CARPENTER AND JOINER,
Shop on Wilkinson street, between Main & Broadway,
FRANKFORT, KY.,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of this city and vicinity, that he carries on the above business in all its various branches. He keeps none but the best of workmen, and can therefore warrant his work. He hopes to receive as he has done, a liberal portion of public patronage. January 1, 1846.



NEW HAT & SHOE STORE,

CORNER OF MAIN AND ANN STREETS,
Frankfort, Ky.

S. BEERS has on hand, and is constantly receiving from the Eastern Manufacturers, fresh supplies of the most fashionable Boots and Shoes of every description, with a variety of Traveling Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c. &c.

ALSO—A general assortment of Gentlemen's fine BOOTS and SHOES, custom made, with a variety of FASHIONABLE HATS and CAPS; all of which will be sold low for Cash.

January 1, 1846

CAPITOL HALL COFFEE HOUSE,

CORNER OF ST. CLAIR AND BROADWAY STREETS,
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

JOHN COGLE,

HAVING purchased this old and well known Coffee House, is prepared to accommodate Gentlemen, singly or any given number, with every article in his line, at all hours of the day or night. In his bill of fare will be found

BIRDS,	OYSTERS—fresh or pickled,
DUCKS,	VENISON,
TURKEYS,	FISH,
PHEASANTS,	SARDINES
PIGS' FEET,	TRIPE,

EGGS, &c. &c.

His Bar is furnished with the purest and best Liquors in the markets of Frankfort, Louisville, Cincinnati, and New Orleans, and as he intends to devote his personal attention to those who may favor him with their patronage, he flatters himself that he will serve up his articles to suit the taste of the most fastidious Epicures. He only wishes the members of the Legislature, transient visiters, and citizens generally to give him a call, and he is confident when they visit his house *once*, they will not go elsewhere to find the good things in his line. He also keeps on hand Chewing Tobacco and Cigars of the best brands.

January 1, 1846

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

J. F. & B. F. MEEK,

WOULD most respectfully inform the public that they continue at their old stand, where they now offer a beautiful and well selected assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Cutlery, &c., of the latest fashions, which they are determined to sell as low as such articles can be had in any Western market. They also continue to repair Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry, in a manner which cannot fail to give satisfaction. All work done in this establishment warranted. Call and see. January 1, 1846

NEW YORK LACE AND FANCY STORE,

(*Opposite R. Knott's Dry Goods Store,*)
MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

T. C. BERRY would respectfully inform the citizens of Frankfort that he keeps constantly on hand all kinds of Lace and Fancy Goods, such as Thread Lace and Edgings; Lisle and Ashburton Laces and Edgings; Tarlton and Barred Mouslines, &c. &c. For sale at reduced prices. January 1, 1846

VARIETY STORE,

No. 5, SWIGERT'S ROW, ST. CLAIR STREET, FRANKFORT.
DOXON & GRAHAM,

KEEP constantly on hand all kinds of FAMILY GROCERIES, of the best quality, which they will warrant. Cigars and Tobacco of the best brands and quality, &c. &c.

☞ Give them a call and try their articles. January 1, 1846

KENTUCKY BATH HOUSE.

Q. B. JONES,
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,
Main street, Frankfort, Ky.

Q. B. JONES is prepared to furnish Gentlemen with Warm Baths on Thursdays and Saturdays, in a style not surpassed by any Bathing Establishment in the West. He also keeps on hand fancy articles for Gentlemen's wear.

N. B. Fresh Blue Lick Water can also be had at his shop. He also has a preparation for cleansing the hair of Dandriff.

January 1, 1846

Frankfort Advertisements.

FRANKFORT COACH MANUFACTORY.

J. J. QUIN,

HAVING made the necessary arrangements, is now prepared to build all kinds of work in his line, such as Coaches, Coachees, Buggies, Phætons, &c. &c. His shop can be found at the South end of Ann street, and is the shop formerly connected to the stage line.

All kinds of repairing done on the shortest notice and in the best manner. He solicits patronage. January 1, 1846

WM. MATHEWS,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR,
MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY,

IS prepared to make all kinds of Gentlemen's wear in the most elegant style of taste and fashion. January 1, 1846

WM. BRIDGES,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR,
NO. 3, SWIGERT'S ROW, ST. CLAIR STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY,

IS prepared to execute work in his line in a manner not surpassed by any establishment in the place. Give him a call.

January 1, 1846

JOSEPH W. ALLEN—TAILOR,

TWO DOORS FROM MAIN, ON LEWIS STREET,
FRANKFORT, KY.,

IS prepared to execute work in his line in the neatest style and most fashionable manner. January 1, 1846

EMPORIUM OF FASHION.

C. N. JOHNSTON—Tailor,
SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE CRUTCHER'S DRUG STORE,
FRANKFORT, KY.,

IS prepared to execute work in his line cheaper than any other establishment in the place. He solicits patronage.

January 1, 1846

HEFFNER & GILLISPIE,

FASHIONABLE TAILORS,
SOUTH SIDE MAIN STREET, BETWEEN WEISIGER & MANSION HOUSES,
Frankfort, Ky.,

CUT AND MAKE to order all kinds of Gentlemen's Clothing, in the neatest and most improved styles. January 1, 1846

JOHN MILLER,

MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF TIN AND COPPER WARE,
SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY,

KEEPS on hand a general assortment of all kinds of Tin, Copper and Hollow Ware, at the lowest cash prices.

N. B. All kinds of work done in his line to order, in the shortest possible time. Repairing done cheap. Give him a call.

January 1, 1846

HARRIS & M'KENDRICK,

CARPENTERS AND HOUSE JOINERS,
FRANKFORT, KY.

THEIR shop is on Ann, between Clinton and Mero streets, where both or either may be found, except when absent attending to business. They invite their friends to give them a call, when they wish work done in their line cheap.

January 1, 1846

J. L. SAGE,

MANUFACTURER OF RIFLE GUNS, PISTOLS, &c.,
BROADWAY STREET, FRANKFORT, KY.

REPAIRING done at the shortest notice.

January 1, 1846.

TO PHYSICIANS.

GENUINE Old Port and Pure Madeira Wine, and Old Brandy, for the sick, can be had day or night at

January 1, 1846 DOXON & GRAHAM'S.

NEW BOOK JUST RECEIVED.

THE Life and Trial of Dr. ABNER BAKER, who was executed in Manchester, for the alleged murder of his brother-in-law, Daniel Bates, Esq., just received and for sale by

Jan. 2 WARREN & ALDRIDGE.

NAT. SIMS,

BARBER AND FASHIONABLE HAIR DRESSER,
Southeast corner of Main and Ann streets, Frankfort, Kentucky,

ASSISTED by the experienced and well known Barber, SIMUEL ELLIS, formerly of Lexington. January 1, 1846

E. VAN KEUREN,

FASHIONABLE BOOT MAKER,
On St. Clair street, two doors below the "Commonwealth Office,"
FRANKFORT, KY.,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has established himself in the Boot and Shoe making business, in all its variety of branches. Gentlemen's fine dress boots made to order, of the best materials, and from the latest New York fashions. Also, Boots and Shoes neatly repaired at the shortest notice. He flatters himself from his long experience in business in New York, that he can make easy and genteel fits.

January 2, 1846.

BOSWELL'S DAGUERREAN GALLERY

OF LATEST IMPROVEMENTS, by which, not only the drapery, but the face and eyes are given perfect in all their beauty of color and expression. Together with his late and valuable discovery of coloring the back ground, which is universally admired, and so indispensable in beautifying and finishing a miniature portrait in good taste.

A favorable opportunity is now offered to the ladies and gentlemen of Frankfort and vicinity, to obtain Miniature Portraits in the most perfect style of execution, which for life-like beauty, distinctness and accuracy, are acknowledged to be unequalled. Mr. Boswell has opened his Gallery at the corner of Main and Ann streets, over the Drug store of W. L. Crutcher, near the Weisiger House, where he is prepared to receive ladies and gentlemen to take their likenesses in any kind of weather by affording him from ten to sixty seconds sitting. None need now hesitate in consequence of the heretofore objection to Daguerreotypes, viz. dimness of the eyes and imperfection of colors. Mr. B., by his late improvements, pledges himself to give the eyes and hair perfect with all their brightness and colors. Perfect likenesses are warranted and satisfaction given before any charge is made. Mr. Boswell is prepared to give instructions in his late improvements, which are unequalled, and warrants all of his miniature portraits to remain for ages unfaded.

Ladies and gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine specimens. Jan. 3, 1846.

PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERREAN GALLERY.

PROF. PLUMBE purposes having a DAGUERRIAN GALLERY opened in this city, on the 27th inst., on St. Clair street, over Pierson & Merriwether's Confectionery, to be conducted by E. JAMES BENNETT, where he will be gratified to wait upon all those who may be desirous of securing a *perfect likeness*, warranted durable, and possessing all the distinctness and boldness of relief of a good painting. In proof of this you need but call at his room and examine for yourselves his specimens.

Ladies and Gentlemen are earnestly requested to take the trouble of calling at his rooms They will afford him a pleasure in having the honor of waiting upon them, either in exhibiting specimens, or in receiving their sittings.

FOUNDED 1840.

Awarded the *Medal, Four First Premiums,* and *Two Highes Honors,* by the Institutes of Massachusetts, N. York, and Pennsylvania, respectively, for the most beautiful *Colored Daguerreotypes,* and best apparatus ever exhibited.

No. 33, Main st., adjoining the Northern Bank of Kentucky *Louisville, Ky.*
No. 251, Broadway, *New York.*
No. 75, Court street, *Boston.*
No. 136, Chestnut street, *Philadelphia.*
No. 122, Baltimore street, *Baltimore.*
Pennsylvania Avenue, *Washington, D. C.*
Lyceum Hall, *Alexandria, D. C.*
No. 56, Canal Street, *New Orleans.*
No. 127, Vielle Rue du Temple, *Paris.*
No. 32, Church Street, *Liverpool.*
Market Street, *St. Louis, Mo.*
Main Street, *Dubuque, Iowa.*
Main Street, between 4th and 5th, east side, *Cincinnati.*
Broadway, *Saratoga.*
Douw's Buildings, *Albany.*
Middle Street, *Portland, Me.*, and
Main Street, *Newport, R. I.*

REMARKS.—"We have been no inattentive observer of the progress of this novel art, and we are free to say, from what we have seen, and personally examined, that Mr. Plumbe has succeeded in this art so as to surpass all others in the line in this country."—*N. Y. Herald.*

"Mr. Plumbe has brought the Daguerreotye to absolute perfection; and miniature painting, we regret to say, is scarcely heard of since the admirable specimens of this artist have become known."—*N. Y. Mirror.*

"A photograph of a lady by Professor Plumbe, is the finest thing of the kind we have ever seen."—*Phil. Pub. Ledger.*

FASHIONABLE BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY.

WILLIAM H. WOOD,
St. Clair street, opposite Wm. M. Todd's Bookstore, Frankfort.

HAVING returned to Frankfort and established himself in the Boot and Shoe making business, in all its branches, he is now prepared to attend to any call in his line, on the shortest notice, and he flatters himself, that from many years experience in the above named business, his work cannot be surpassed for durability and style, in the West. He feels thankful for past favors, and hopes by prompt attention to business to merit a share of public patronage. January 1, 1846

R. KNOTT,

RETAILER OF STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,
NORTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET,
(*Between the Mansion House and Weisiger House,*)
FRANKFORT, KY.

LAST NOTICE.

ALL accounts and notes due to me, and not arranged before the 15th of January, will be placed in the hands of the officers for collection. R. KNOTT.

January 1, 1846

FRESH FRUITS, &c.

ORANGES, Figs, M. Raisins, Spiced Oysters, in whole and half cans, &c. &c., just received and for sale at No. 8, St. Clair street, by (Jan. 9) G. W. LEWIS.

Frankfort Advertisements.

DOCTOR PHYTHIAN,

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity. Residence at the Mansion House. Office in the room lately occupied by Dr. E. H. Watson, adjoining John Baltzell's Hatter-shop, where he may be found at all times, except when engaged in professional business.

January 5, 1846.

DR. O. S. WILSON,

GRATEFUL for past favors, would respectfully inform the public that he is at all times ready to give prompt attention to any call in the line of his profession. Office on the West side of St. Clair street. Residence on Clinton, near the Governor's Mansion. January 6, 1846

WILLIAM SAMPSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY,

WILL practice in the Courts held in Frankfort and the adjoining counties. Office on the West side of St. Clair st.

August 19, 1845—671-tf.

C. S. MOREHEAD & W. D. REED,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY,

WILL practice Law in co-partnership, in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, General Court, and Franklin Circuit Court. W. D. Reed will regularly practice in the Washington, Henry, and Owen Circuit Courts.

Office West side St. Clair street, and at all times open during the business hours. Frankfort, April 1, 1844—599–tf

LYSANDER HORD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL practice Law in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, General Court, and Franklin Circuit Court. Any business confided to him shall be faithfully and promptly attended to. His office is on St. Clair street, near the bridge, where he may generally be found. Frankfort, April 1, 1845—599–tf

O. G. CATES & T. N. LINDSEY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

WILL give their joint attention to any business confided to their care, in any of the Courts held in Frankfort. They will also attend to the collection of moneys, and the investigation of land claims in any part of Kentucky. They will also attend to the preparation of cases for persons desiring the benefit of the Bankrupt Law. April 1, 1844—599–by

INSURANCE.

THE LEXINGTON FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,

WILL insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandize, &c. against loss or damage by fire, in town or country. Steam and Keel boats, and their cargoes, against the damages of river navigation.

☞ The lives of Slaves are also insured by this Company.

R. H. CRITTENDEN, *Agent.*

Office at Dr. Watson's shop, near the Bridge.

May 27, 1845—659–by

INSURANCE.

KENTUCKY AND LOUISVILLE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

WILL insure Buildings, Furniture and Merchandize against loss or damage by fire, in Town or Country.

R. H. CRITTENDEN, *Agent.*

☞ Office at Dr. Watson's shop, near the Bridge.

May 27, 1845—659–by

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GROCERIES, &c.

THE undersigned is now prepared to show a complete assortment in his line—he invites his friends and the public to give him a call.

FAMILY GROCERIES.

20 hhds. N. O. Sugar; 50 bags Rio and Java Coffee; 20 boxes Soap; 25 boxes Candles; 5 bbls. Loaf and crushed Sugar; sifted and ground Pepper; Salæratus; Ginger; Allum; Rice; G. P. and Black Teas; Irish Moss; Mace; Cloves; Cinnamon; Mustard; Starch; Fancy Soaps; Pickles by barrel, keg or jar; Catsup, in bottles, &c. &c.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

Locks, Latches, Screws and Fastenings of all kinds; Table, Pocket, Butcher and Cook Knives; Spades and Shovels; Shovels and Tongs; Butt Hinges, assorted; Axes; Hatchets; Broad Axes, &c.; Mill, Tenant, Cross-Cut and Wood Saws—together with a general assortment of Hardware.

IRON, NAILS, CASTINGS, &c.

20 tons warranted Iron; 100 kegs cut and wrought Nails; 75 Plough Wings; Cast and Blister Steel; Ovens; Skillets; Pots; odd Lids; Dog Irons, &c.

PAINTS, OILS AND DYE-STUFFS.

50 kegs pure Lead; 3 bbls. Linseed Oil; Spanish Brown; Crome Green; Litharge; Venetian Red; Madder; Indigo, &c.; Sperm and Lard Oil—also 50 boxes of Glass; 85 lbs. Putty.

LIQUORS, &c.

150 bottles old Brandy and Wine;
20 hampers Champaigne; 50 gallons Irish Whiskey;
8 boxes superior Chewing Tobacco;
500 bbls. Salt, &c. &c.

☞ I will trade for all kinds of Country Produce.

December 9, 1845—687-1y R. S. HOLTON.

BEN. MONROE,

HAS just received from New York and Philadelphia, a small lot of choice LAW BOOKS, standard works of the latest editions, which he offers to the profession very low for cash. Call at his office on Main street and inspect them.

April 1, 1844—599–tf

BOARDING HOUSE.

THE subscriber, now residing in Frankfort, proposes opening a PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE. His residence is on St. Clair Street, adjoining the Court House, and only a few doors from the Bank. It is an eligible site, convenient for business men, and his rooms are retired, new and comfortable. He could accommodate a mess of six or eight Members of the Legislature. BEN. LUCKETT.

December 30, 1845.

HENRY SAMUEL,

FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,
ST. CLAIR STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

HIS shop is nearly opposite the Public Room of the Mansion House. In addition to his professional business, he keeps constantly on hand the best Chewing Tobacco and Spanish Cigars. January 1, 1846

PEN AND POCKET KNIVES,

OF the very best of Rogers' and Wostenholm's make; a large lot on hand and for sale at

January 1, 1846 TODD'S BOOKSTORE.

KENTUCKY REPORTS.

A COMPLETE set of the Kentucky Reports, (except Hughes and Sneed, 1 vol. each) in good order, for sale at

January 1, 1846 TODD'S BOOKSTORE.

FASHIONABLE HATS,

OF the neatest style and best manufacture; a large supply on hand, and for sale by W. M. TODD,

Also—Traveling Trunks, Carpet Bags, Satchels, &c., for sale at the same place January 1, 1846.

B. F. JOHNSON & Co.,

ONE DOOR SOUTH OF THE POST OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY,

HAVE on hand a handsome assortment of Dry Goods, &c., which they will sell at reduced prices, as they are desirous of reducing their stock as much as possible before making their Spring Importation. Their friends and the public are respectfully invited to give them a call. January 1, 1846

MAIN STREET CLOTHING STORE.

CAN'T BE BEAT—EITHER AT PRICES OR ARTICLES.

LUCKEN & GRIMME,
MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY,

ONE door below J. Shannon's Sadlery Establishment, keep constantly on hand every variety and quality of READY MADE CLOTHING, which they will sell as low as any other establishment in the Western Country. Call and see before purchasing elsewhere. January 1, 1846

AMERICAN ALMANAC FOR 1846.

THE American Almanac and Repository of Useful Knowledge for 1846. Also—The Kentucky Farmer's, Christian & Presbyterian Almanacs, for 1846, for sale at

January 1, 1846. TODD'S BOOKSTORE.

FANCY STATIONERY.

A BEAUTIFUL variety of Note Paper, Note Envelopes, Motto Seals, Fancy Sealing Wax, Visiting Cards, &c., may be had at (Jan. 1) TODD'S BOOKSTORE.

WEISIGER HOUSE,

BY THOMAS S. THEOBALD,
FRANKFORT, KY.

HENRY EVANS,

FASHIONABLE BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,
ST. CLAIR STREET, OPPOSITE MANSION HOUSE,
FRANKFORT, KY.,

WILL promptly execute all orders entrusted to him. ☞ All kinds of repairing neatly executed, at moderate prices, and in the best manner. January 1, 1846

Frankfort Advertisements.

CONFECTIONERY & FAMILY GROCERY.

MAIN STREET.

THE subscribers return their sincere thanks to their customers for the very liberal patronage bestowed on them since they commenced business, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

They are in receipt of an excellent assortment of GOOD THINGS, consisting in part as follows:

GROCERIES	NOTIONS.
Prime N. O. Sugar,	Toys in every variety,
Woolsey's Loaf Sugar,	China and toy tea setts,
" Crushed do.	Fancy Dressing and Shaving Boxes, &c.,
" Powdered do.	Fancy Baskets,
Prime old Gov'm't Java Coffee,	Market Baskets,
" Rio Coffee,	Hair Brushes,
Hyson, Young Hyson and G. P. Teas,	Infant's Hair Brushes,
Western Reserve Cheese,	Dressing and Redding Combs,
Pineapple do.	Pocket Combs and Brushes,
New Mackerel, Nos. 1, 2 & 3.	Money Purses & Pocket Books,
&c. &c.	Whisp Brooms,
	Shaker brooms and hearth do.
FRUITS AND NUTS.	Perfumery of every variety,
M. R. Raisins, in whole, half and quarter boxes,	Fancy shaving & wash'g soaps,
Layer Raisins,	Marbles—all sorts,
Malaga Grapes,	Clothes Brushes,
Bordeaux Prunes,	Tooth Brushes,
Sultana Raisins,	Snuff Boxes, Cigar Cases.
Zantee Currants,	Mouse and Rat Traps,
Genoa Citron,	Gum Suspenders,
Soft Shell Almonds,	Hooks and Eyes, &c. &c.
Shelled do	
Brazil Nuts,	YANKEE VEGETABLES &c.
English Walnuts,	Fresh Lobsters,
Filberts,	Fresh Clams,
Pecans,	Fresh Mackerel,
Lemons,	Fresh Oysters,
Oranges, &c. &c.	Pickled Oysters,
	Sardines, Anchovies, &c. &c.

Just received and for sale by

Nov. 25, 1845. GRAY & GEORGE.

No. 8, ST. CLAIR STREET.

A LARGE stock of FAMILY GROCERIES, just received and for sale at No. 8, consisting in part of the following articles:

No. 1, Boston Loaf Sugar,	G. P. Tea,
No. 1, Boston Crushed Sugar,	Old Gov. Java Coffee,
Loaf Sugar of three different qualities and prices,	Best Rio do
No. 2, Crushed Sugar,	Pine Apple cheese,
No. 1, Powdered Sugar,	Western Reserve cheese,
No. 2, Powdered do	Star Candles,
N. O. Sugar of superior quality,	Sperm Candles,
Pepper, grain and ground,	Adamantine Candles,
Spice,	Mould Candles,
Ginger, ground and race,	Starch,
Nutmegs, Mace,	Soap,
Imperial Tea, (superior.)	Salæratus,
	Cloves, &c. &c.

All of which I invite my friends and customers to call and see, as I am resolved to sell as low *for cash* or to *puntual* customers, as any one *can sell* the same quality of articles.

Nov. 25, 1845. G. W. LEWIS.

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS.

JOHN P. CAMMACK, MAIN ST. FRANKFORT, KY.

HAS now on hand at his *Cabinet Wareroom*, a large assortment of fine styles Furniture of various patterns, and a large lot of good Chairs. The assortment consists of

Dressing BUREAUS of different patterns and prices.
Plain do do do do
Plain SIDEBOARDS;
End, dining, breakfast and centre Tables;
High-post mahogany, birds-eye maple, cherry and sycamore BEDSTEADS—a good variety
Cane seat parlor CHAIRS;
Large rocking cane seat do;
Spring-bottom arm do;
Nursing cane bottom CHAIRS;

And a large assortment of Windsor Chairs, of different patterns and a variety of prices.

J. P. C. respectfully invites attention to his lot of furniture and chairs, and believes he can promise such bargains as will suit purchasers. Dec. 9, 1845—687-3t

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE.

THE subscriber will open a permanent ACADEMY FOR BOYS AND YOUNG MEN, at his residence, five miles South of Frankfort, Kentucky, hitherto known as the Franklin Springs, on the first Monday in April next.

The property was purchased by the undersigned solely on account of its admirable adaptation, in every respect, for Academical purposes; being entirely apart from all the contaminations of Town Life; the Locality being Airy and Healthy; the Mineral Waters Salubrious; the Buildings Elegant, Extensive and Commodious.

In his System, the Education of the *Entire Man*, MORAL, INTELLECTUAL and PHYSICAL, will receive due attention. The ANCIENT CLASSICS will be properly attended to; but the Course of Instruction in the MATHEMATICS and the NATURAL SCIENCES, will be peculiarly thorough.

The ACADEMICAL YEAR will be divided into two sessions of twenty-one weeks each, the first commencing on the first Monday in April, and the second on the first Monday in October.

TERMS—PAYMENT IN ADVANCE:

For Boarding and Tuition, per session, - - - -	$75 00
Washing and Mending, - - - - - - -	5 00
For the French and German languages, extra, - -	10 00
Books and Stationery, at usual prices.	

For those to whom the undersigned is known personally or by reputation, he deems testimonials and references unnecessary: His honorable graduation at the United States Military Academy at West Point; his subsequent connection with the Engineering service of the General Government; his long experience as an Instructor, and his occupancy of the Chair of Mathematics in Transylvania University for three years subsequent to its re-organization in 1842, having brought his qualifications as a Teacher and Governor of youth into public observation. For the satisfaction of others, he refers to the testimonials subjoined, and to the Ministers of the Kentucky Annual Conference, as well as the Preachers of the Methodist Church generally in the West and South. R. T. P. ALLEN, *Principal.*

Frankfort, Dec. 20, 1845.

ASHLAND, Nov. 10, 1845.

My Dear Sir—I received your note, with the prospectus of the Franklin Institute. You were fully authorized, by our mutual friendship and by my high opinion of your attainments and ability, to make the reference to my name.

Whilst I regret extremely our loss of you at the University, and from our neighborhood, you will carry with you to the Franklin Springs my ardent wishes for your success, fame and prosperity.

I am, truly, your friend and ob't serv't,

R. T. P. ALLEN, Esq. H. CLAY.

Professor ALLEN has occupied the Chair of Mathematics in Morrison College, Transylvania University, during the last three years, and as he proposes leaving the University, with a view to the establishment of an Academical Institute, under his own control, I take great pleasure in saying, that during his connection with the Faculty of Arts in Transylvania, he performed the duties of his Department, both as it regards instruction and government, with rare ability and success; and wherever he may go, I cheerfully recommend him to public confidence, as an able and indefatigable Teacher. H. B. BASCOM,

President Transylvania University.

Lexington, Oct. 27, 1845.

DR. LLOYD'S

DRUG AND CHEMICAL STORE,
AT THE OLD STAND ON MAIN STREET,
FRANKFORT.

Constantly on hand, (*at wholesale and retail*) a full stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, MEDICINES, **Surgical Instruments, Patent Medicines.** GLASS FURNITURE, PAINTS, VARNISHES, DYES, &c. &c. &c. ☞ The purity and goodness of every article warranted. January 1, 1846

STEALEY'S

Drug & Chemical Store,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, KY.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, VARnishes, Brushes, Bronzes, Gold and Silver Leaf, Dye-Stuffs, Spices, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c. &c. PATENT MEDICINES, superior OLD PORT and SHERRY WINES.

☞ The purity of every article warranted. January 1, 1846

CITY DRUG STORE,

NO. 1, MAIN STREET, CORNER OF ANN STREET,
Opposite the Weisiger House,
FRANKFORT, KY.

DR. W. L. CRUTCHER would respectfully inform his customers and the public generally, that he has, at the above establishment, a large and general assortment of FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYE-STUFFS, GLASS-WARE, BRUSHES, SPICES, SOAPS, COSMETICS, PERFUMERY, (very extensive assortment,) PURE WINES, LIQUORS, &c. &c.

All of which will be sold Wholesale or Retail, at very reduced prices for Cash, or to prompt customers on the usual credit.

☞ Prescriptions put up with neatness, care and accuracy. Medicines can be had at all hours of the night.

January 1, 1846

DENTAL SURGERY.

W. H. DAVIS, resident Surgical and Mechanical DENTIST, Frankfort, Ky., being permanently located in this city, respectfully tenders his Professional Services to the citizens of this city and vicinity. Defective teeth should be filled before their beauty or symetry is destroyed, and thereby not only render them ornamental, but useful the remainder of life.

I am also prepared to insert ARTIFICIAL TEETH, upon the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, (when the circumstances of the case will admit it,) after the latest and most approved method, with or without ARTIFICIAL GUMS, from one tooth to an entire sett, and in a style not surpassed anywhere. Teeth set on pivot, cleansed, &c.

Extracting done with the latest and most improved instruments, and with the least possible pain. All operations performed in a careful and satisfactory manner.

☞ Residence at A. Z. Boyer's.

☞ Office on Main street, South side, near Dr. Lloyd's Drug Store. January 5, 1846—tf